

Retinal cell therapy using iPS cells

Center for Developmental Biology, **RIKEN**

Laboratory for Retinal Regeneration

Kobe City Medical Center General Hospital

Ophthalmology department

Institute of Biomedical Research and Innovation Hospital

Ophthalmology section

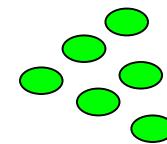
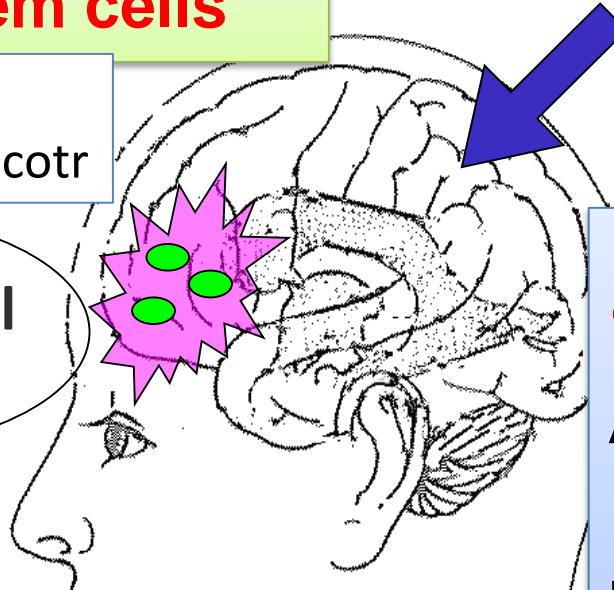
Masayo Takahashi MD, PhD

Regeneration of central nervous system using stem cells

1. . Regeneration from intrinsic stem cells

Mitotic factor
Differentiation factor

intrinsic neural stem cells



**embryonic tissue
neural stem cell**

2. Transpla

A **Replacement therapy**

B **Trophic effect**

Functional cell
Mature cell
Enough amount

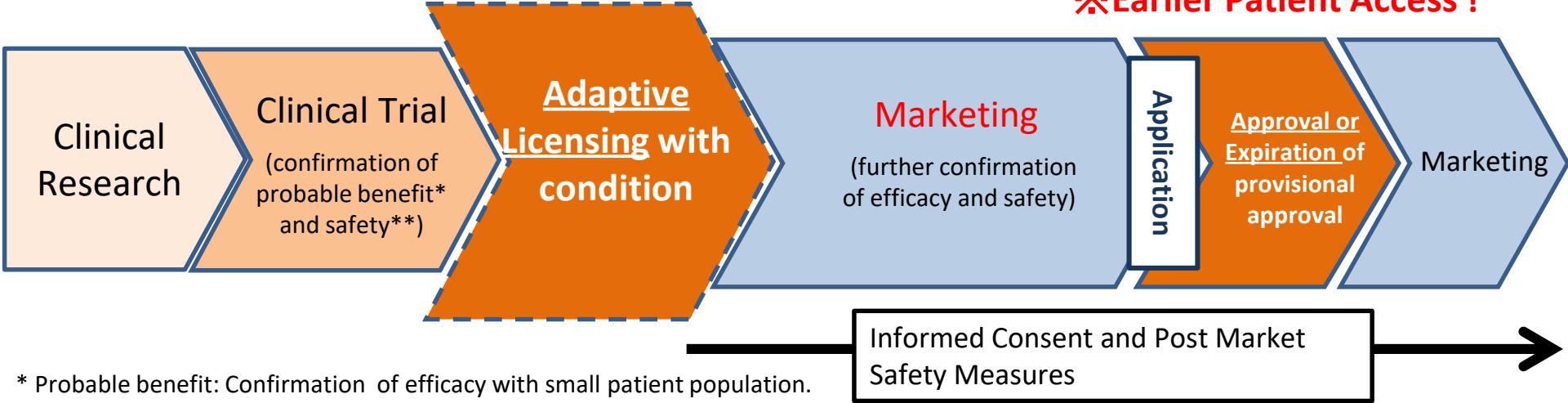
Trophic factor
Immature cell
Small amount

Regulation for cell therapy in Japan

Enforcement 2015.11.25~



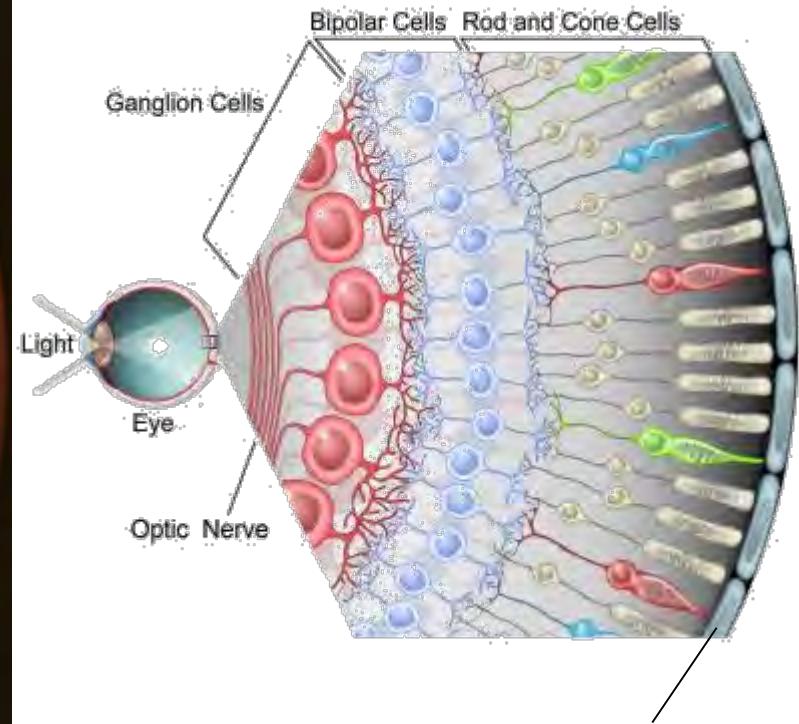
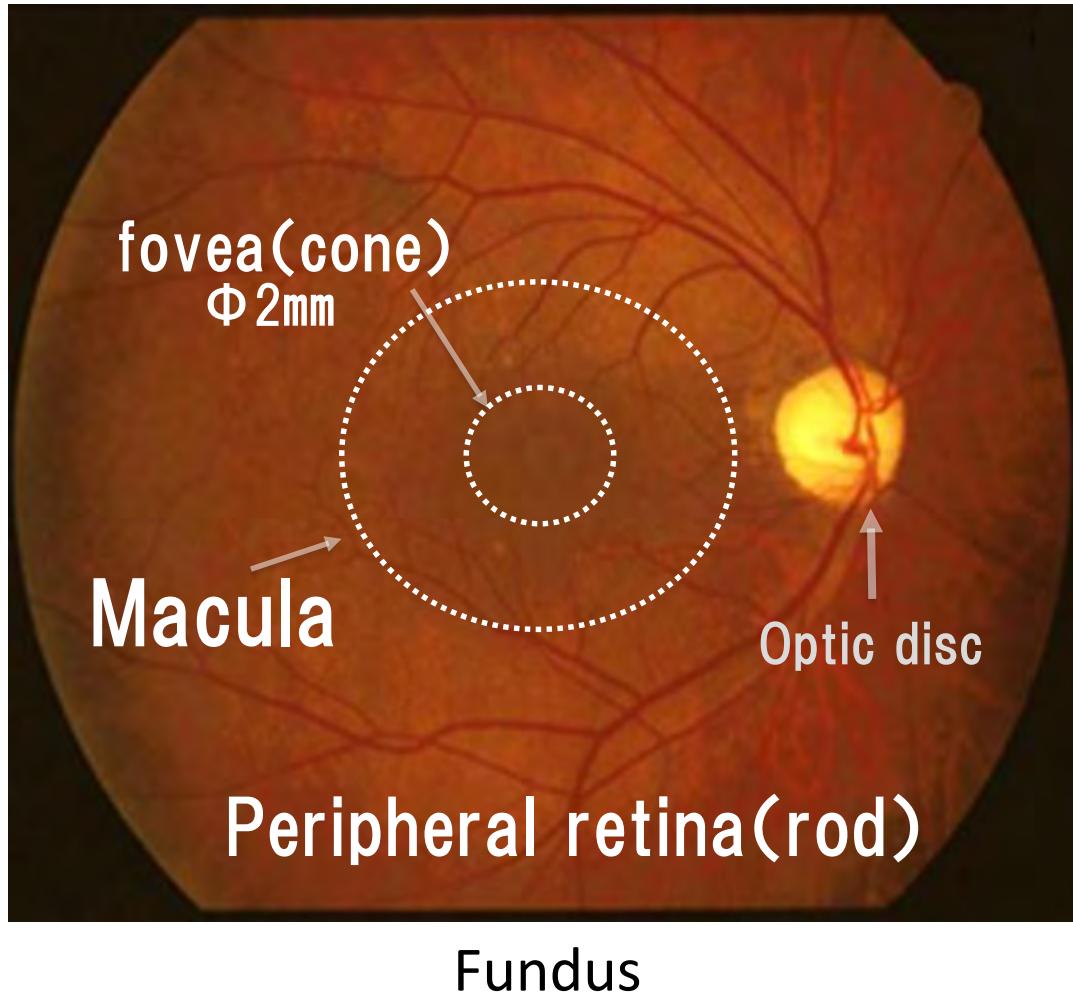
【Regenerative medicine 2014.11.25~】



* Probable benefit: Confirmation of efficacy with small patient population.

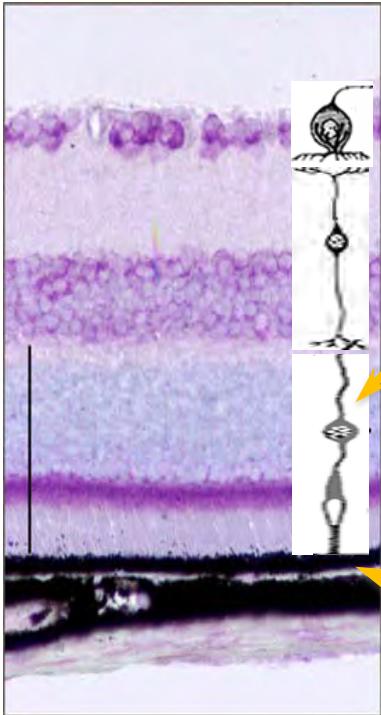
** Safety: Earlier detection and evaluation of adverse events.

Retina



Retinal pigment epithelium (RPE)

Retinal cell transplantation



Photoreceptor (for Retinitis pigmentosa)

Issue

Structure of photoreceptor cells

Purification

Functional connection with the host's neurons

RPE cells (for AMD)

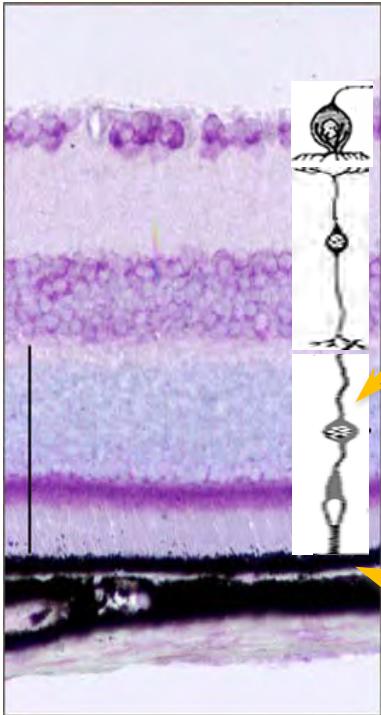
Started clinical study (Safety)

Issue

Variety of cell forms

Efficacy

Retinal cell transplantation



Photoreceptor (for Retinitis pigmentosa)

Issue

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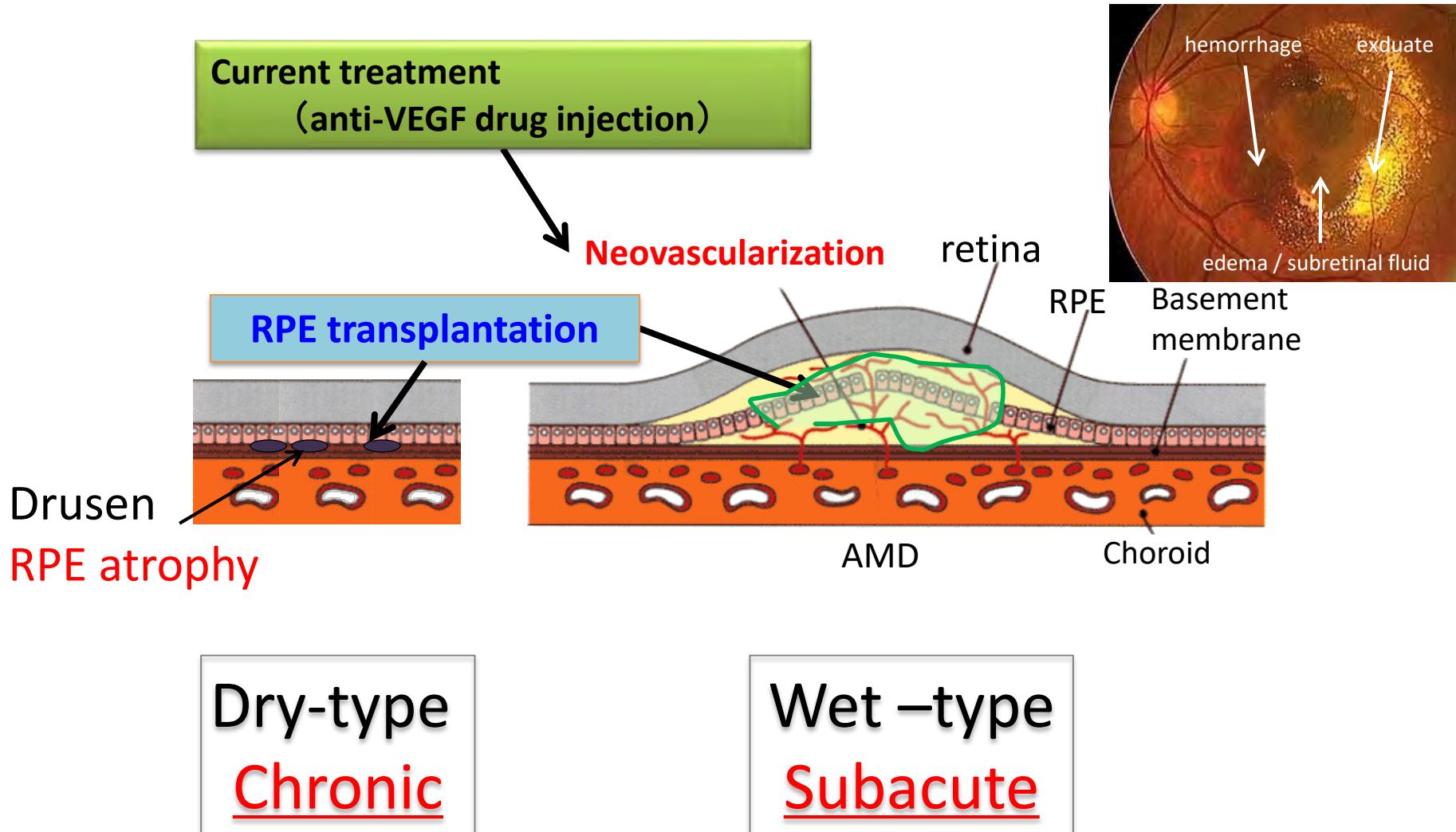
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Issue

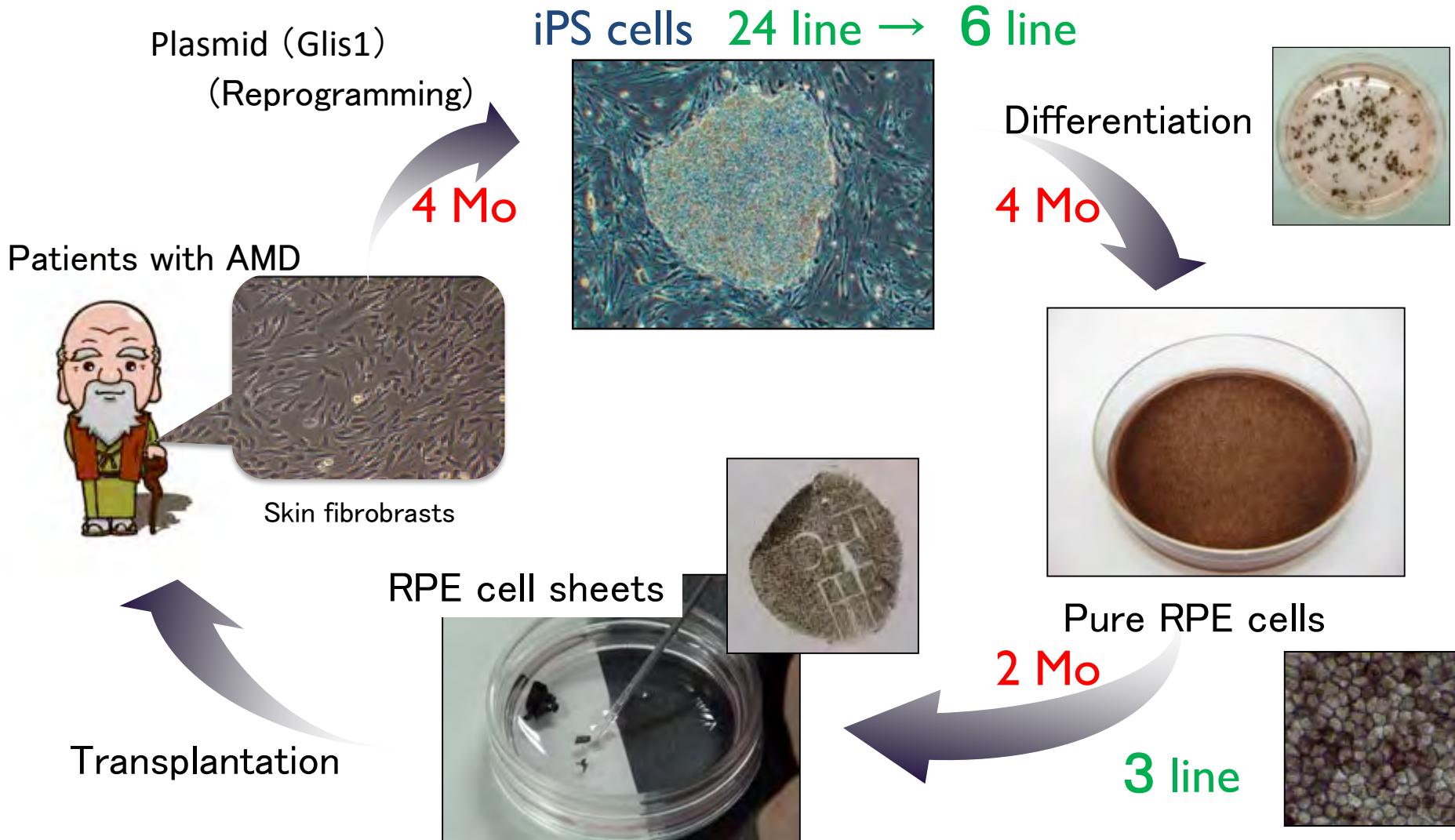
Variety of cell forms

Efficacy

Age-related macular degeneration (AMD)



Treatment for age-related macular degeneration (AMD) with hiPS-RPE cell sheets



Cell Processing Facility (CPF)

Skin harvesting
from the patient

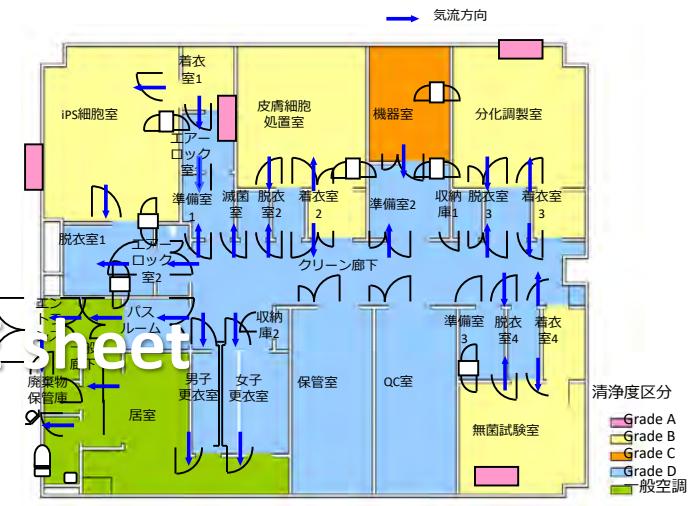


Skin trephine

Cell culture in the cell processing facility



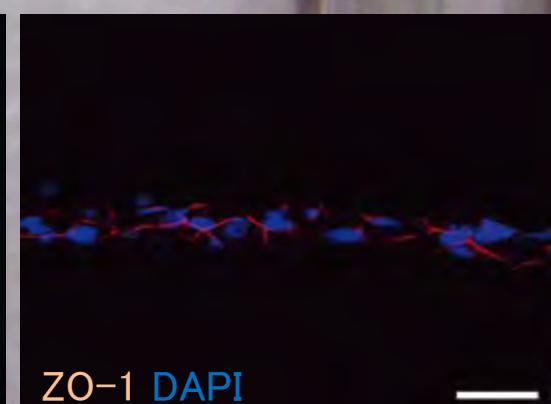
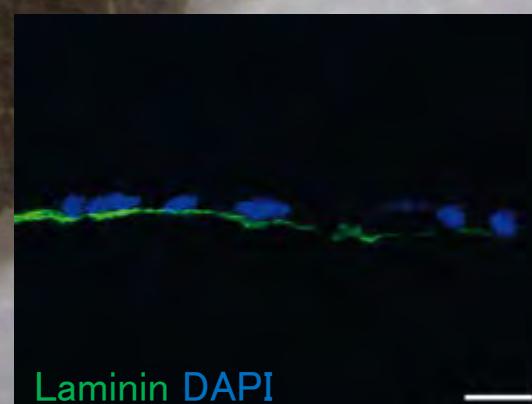
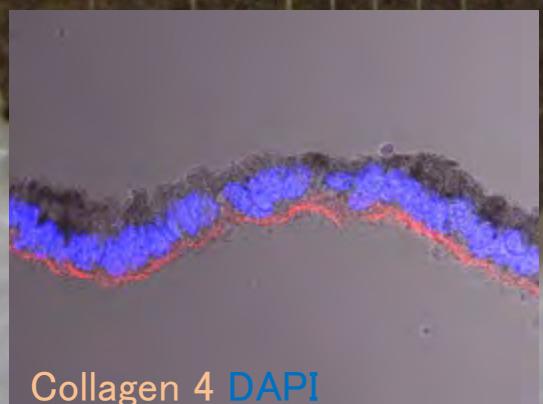
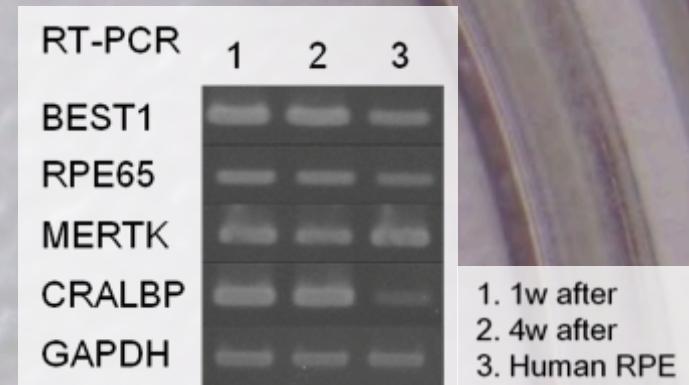
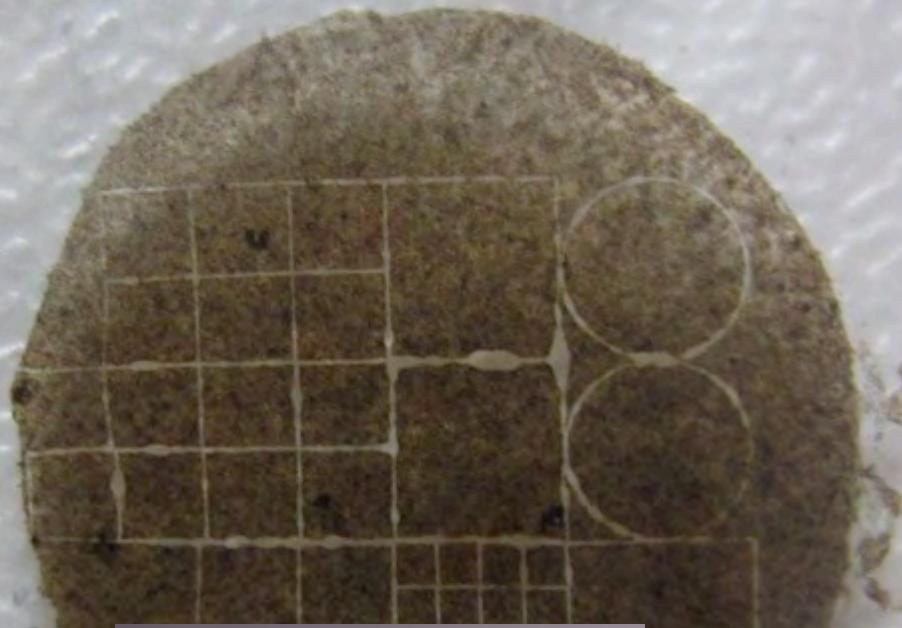
iPS-derived RPE sheet



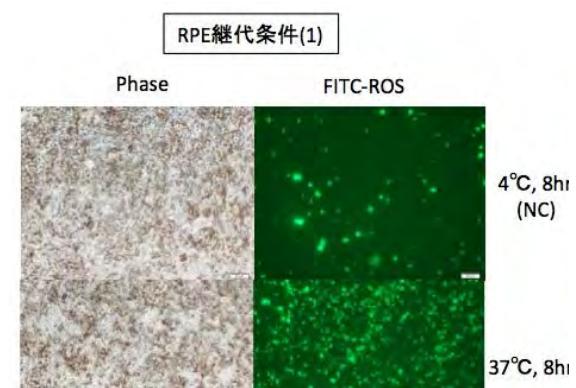
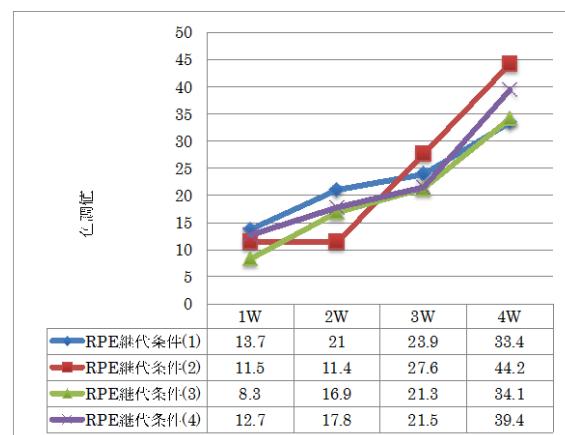
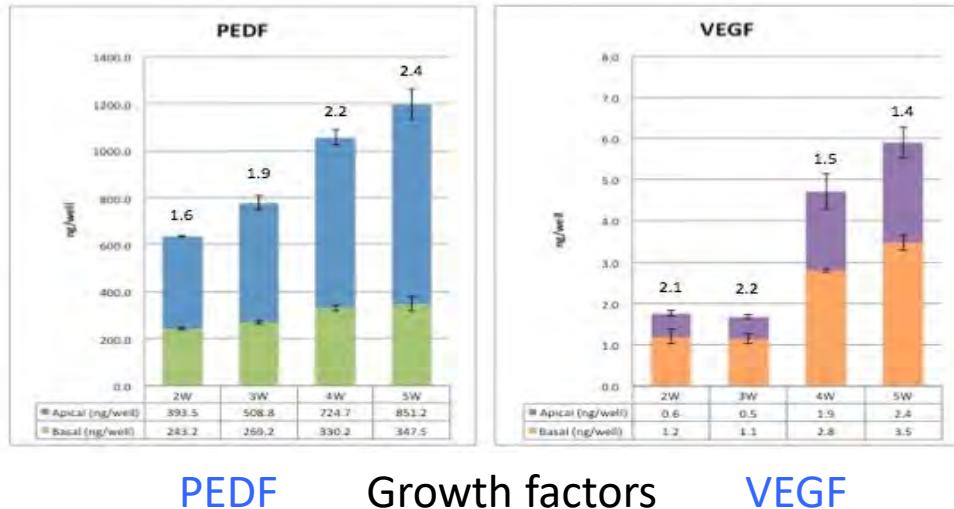
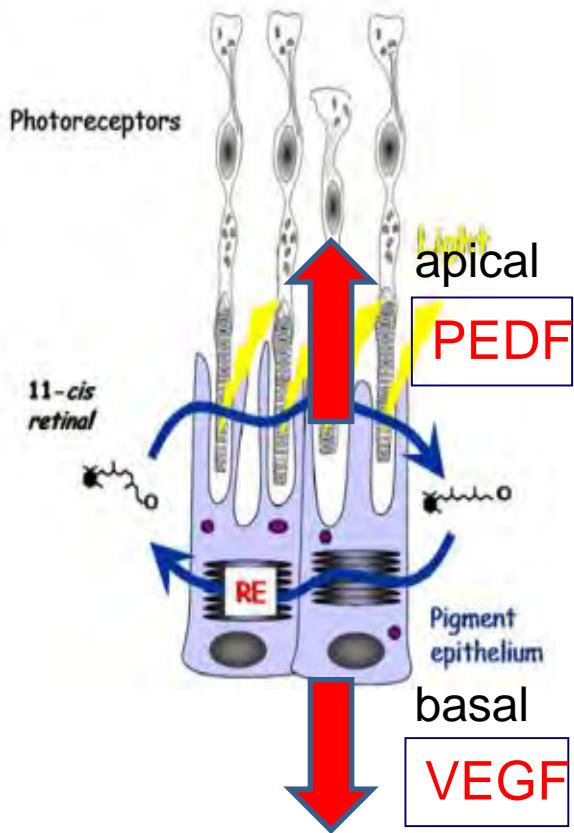
Quality & quantity of hiPSC-RPE cell-sheets



Hiroyuki Kamao

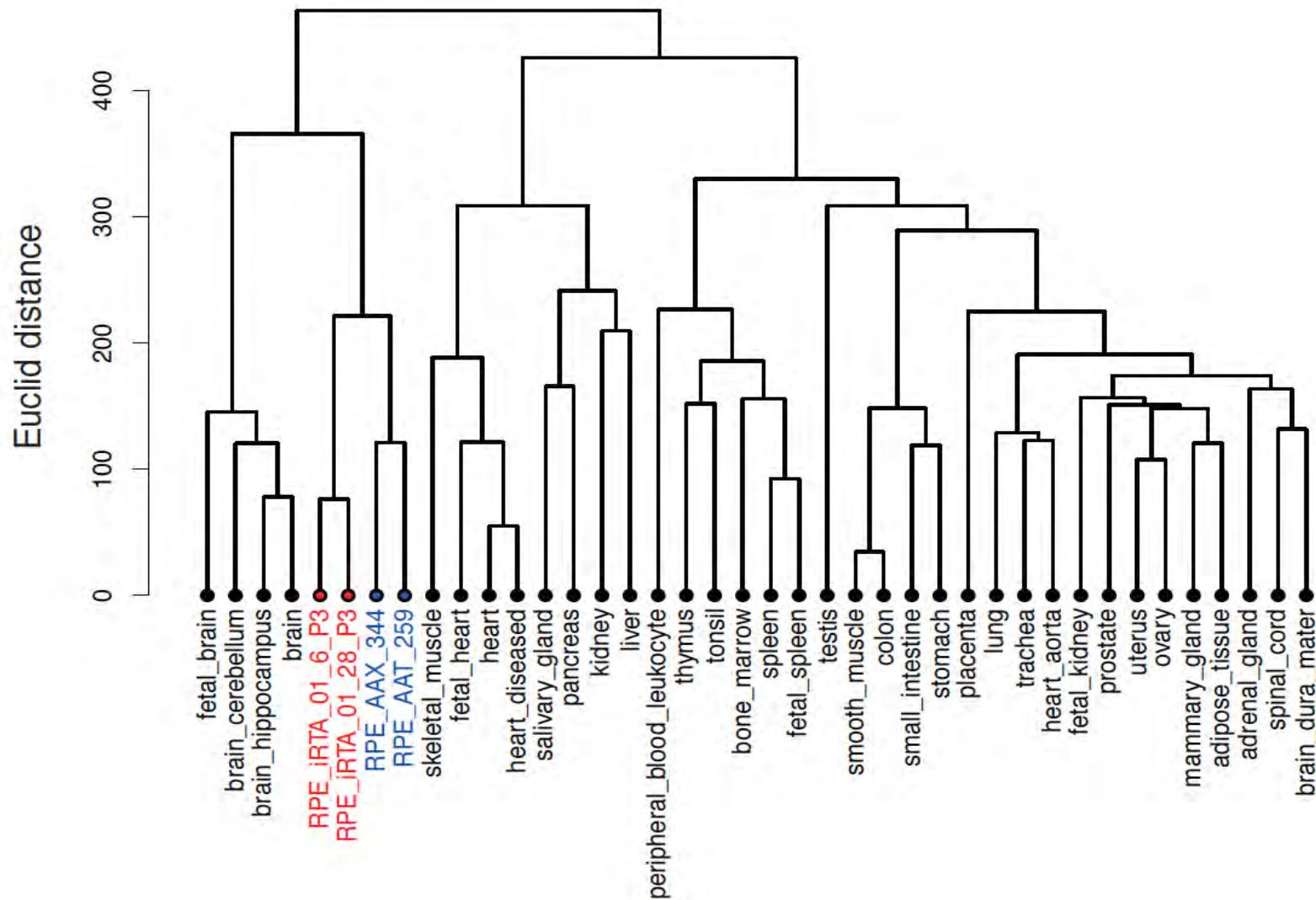


Monitoring points : RPE function



Phagocytosis

Cluster analysis of gene expression profiles



RPE & Tumors

- No report of **metastatic tumor** ever in the history
 - Even in the familial tumor patients
=various cancer formation with hereditary oncogene (ex. p53) mutations
 - **only hyperplasia of RPE occurs**
 - **PEDF (pigment epithelial derived factor)**
= strong antitumor factor

Cells

- Eye ball is full of **Retinoic Acid** = antitumor factor

Environment

Summary of tumorigenicity test

(Kanemura et al.2014 PlosONE)

NOD-SCID mice, subcutaneous, 1×10^5 cells in Matrigel

Purified hiPS–RPE did not generate tumors

	donor	Vector	# of animal	tumor
1st 2010. 11~2011. 9	RPE cell	Retrovirus Sendai virus Plasmid A	57	0
2nd 2011. 2~2012 4	RPE cell	Plasmid A	11	0
	RPE cell: OCT3/4 remnant+	Plasmid A	7	0
3rd 2012. 3~10	RPE cell	Plasmid B	27	0
4th 2012. 12~2013 7	RPE sheet (subcutaneous+subretinal)	Plasmid B	16	0

The most important thing is

the robust protocol that will not make tumor
(even with genetic changes)

Safety issue (risk size) will be different
depending on

1. Final cell types
2. Treatment procedure (i.v. or surgery)
3. Host environment (diseases)

Hazard Level

1. The protocol that sometimes makes tumor in vivo
2. Purity: contamination of tumor cells



3. Genetic change: SNV, Indel, CNV、Plasmid remnant
4. Epigenetic change

Regulatory Science

vs

Basic Science

Requirements for replacement therapy

Quality 1: function

Quality 2: Purity

Kuroda et al. 2012 PlosONE

Quantity: Small amount of cells

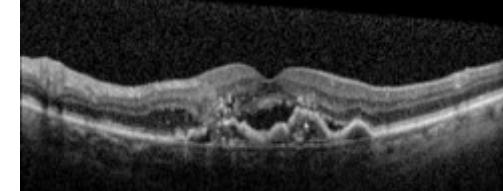
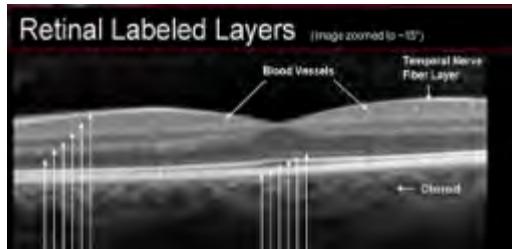
Safety: no tumor formation

Kanemura et al. 2013 Scientific report

OCT

OCT ; fine examination

OCT



Clinical application

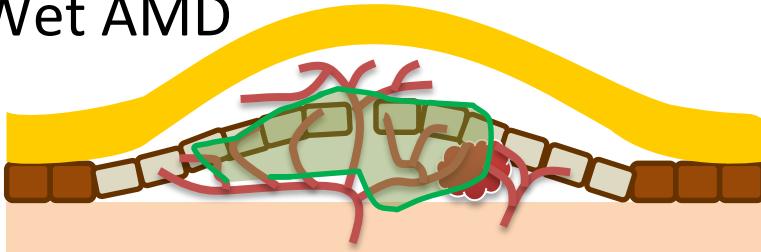
SURGERY ROOM

(SEP. 12. 2014)



iPS-RPE sheet transplantation

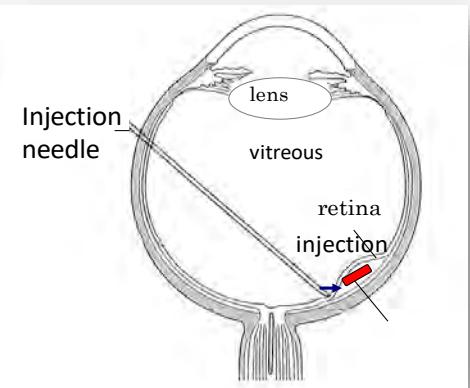
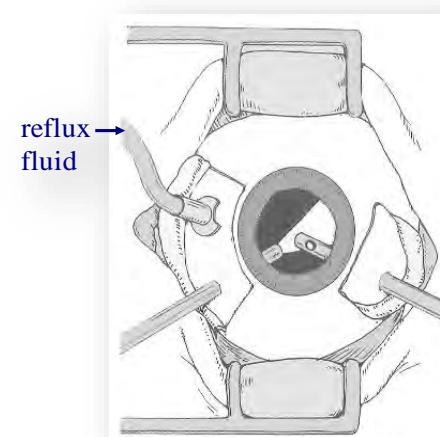
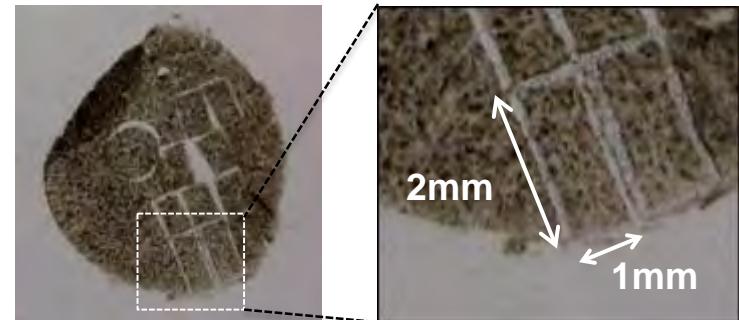
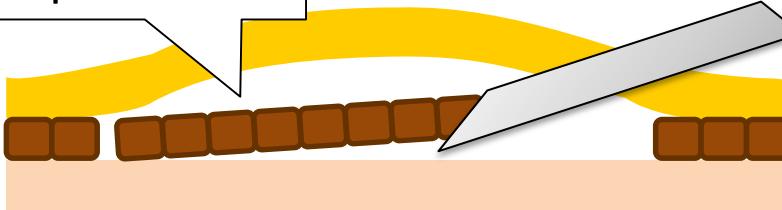
Wet AMD



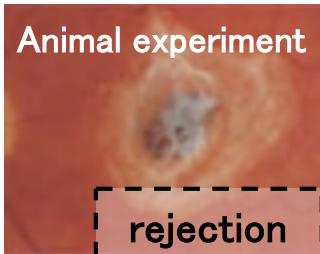
CNV removal



iPS-RPE sheet transplantation



Animal experiment



Fundus photograph after the surgery

3 day



1 week



4 week



3 month



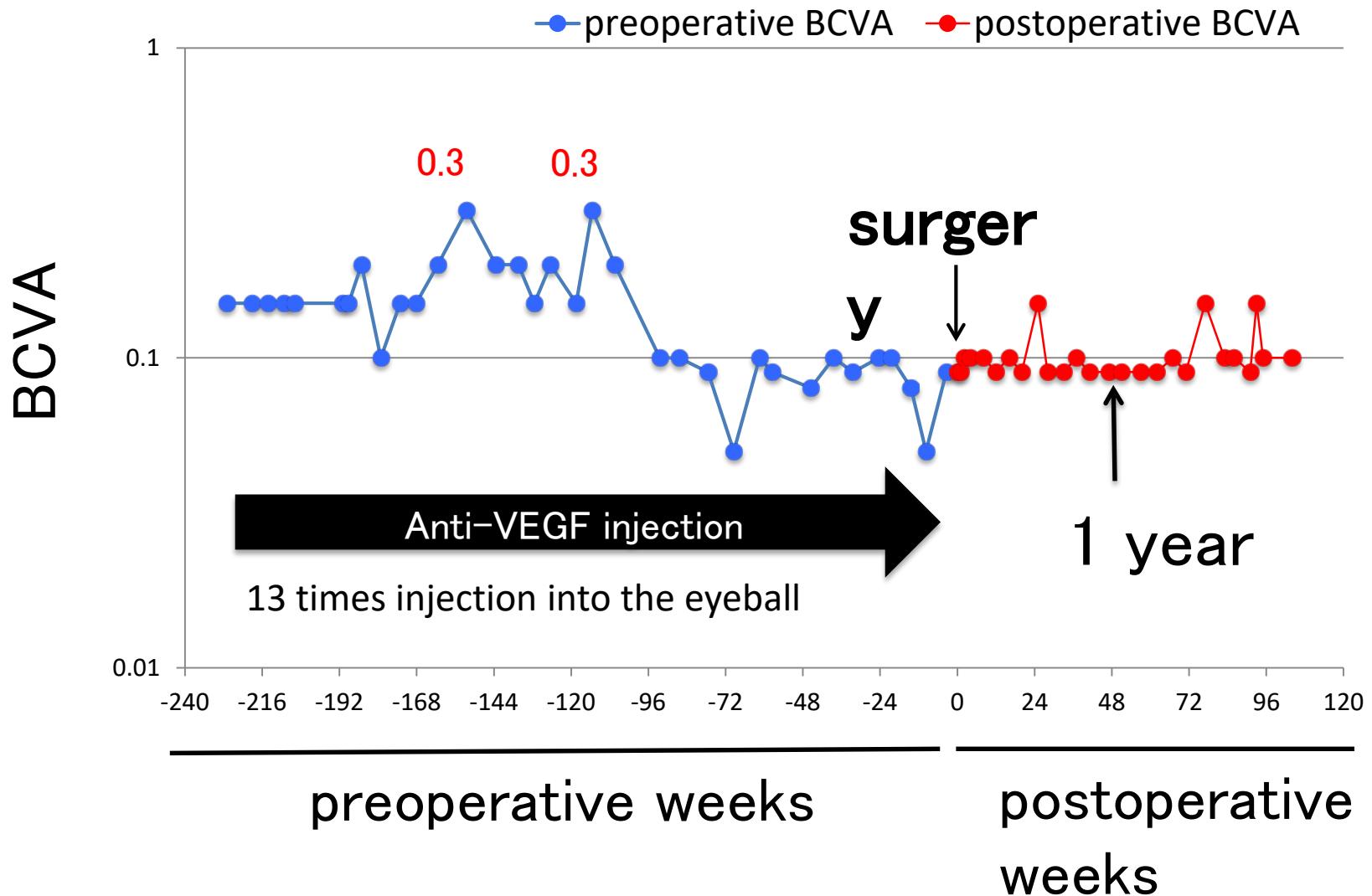
6 month



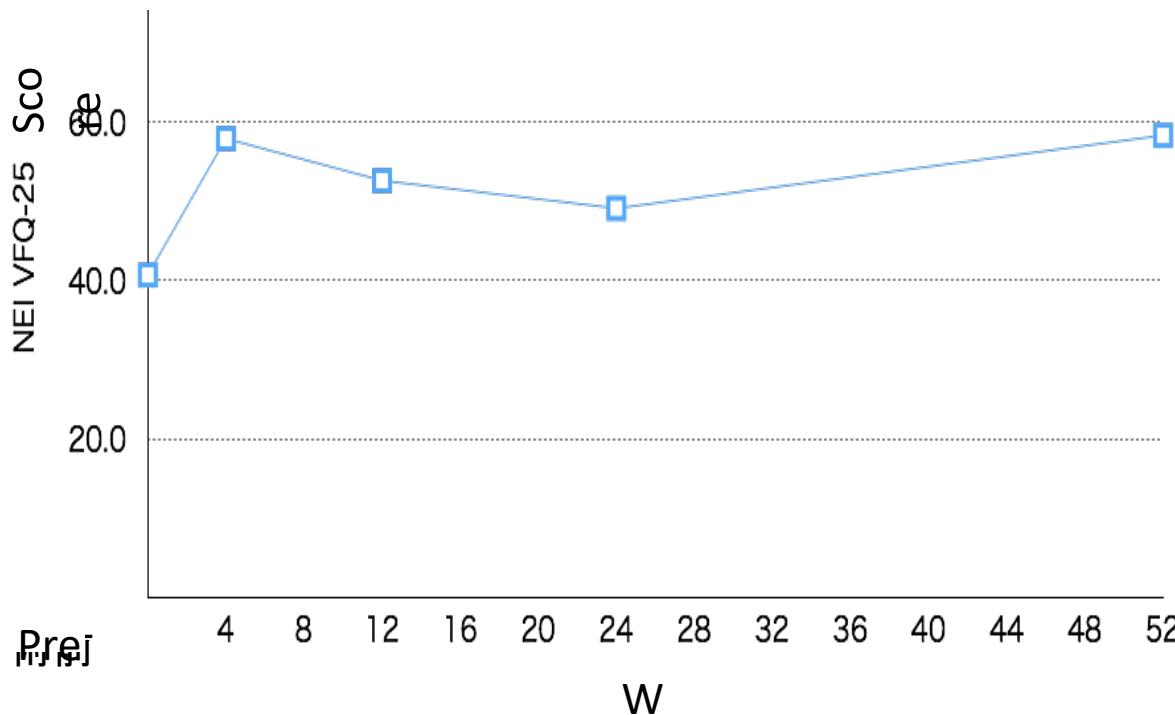
1 year



Visual acuity before & after the surgery



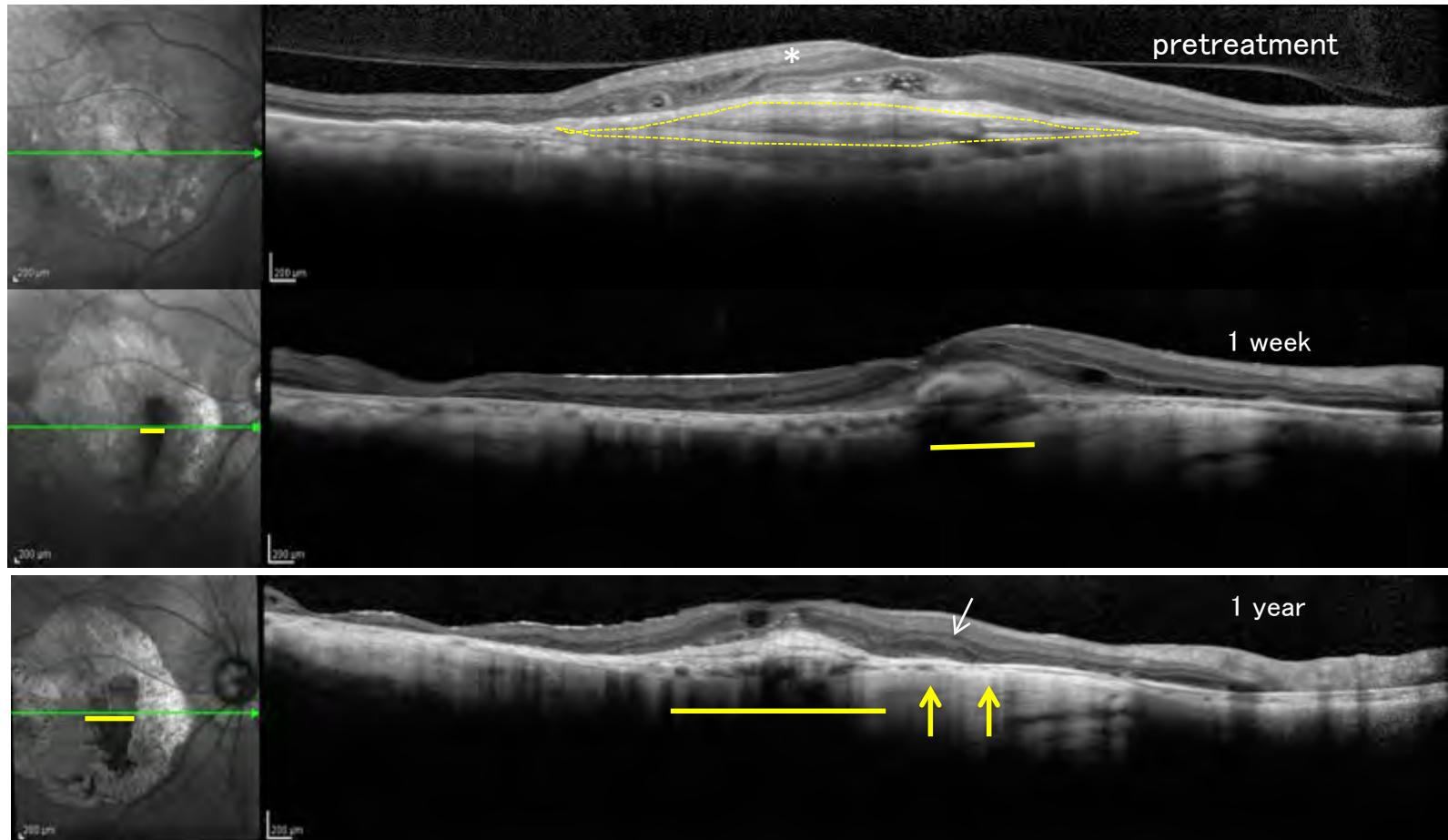
NEI VFQ-25 (QOL)



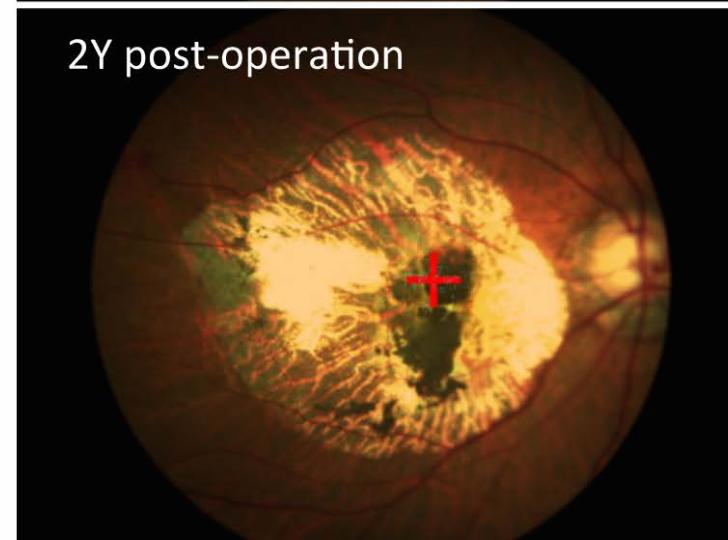
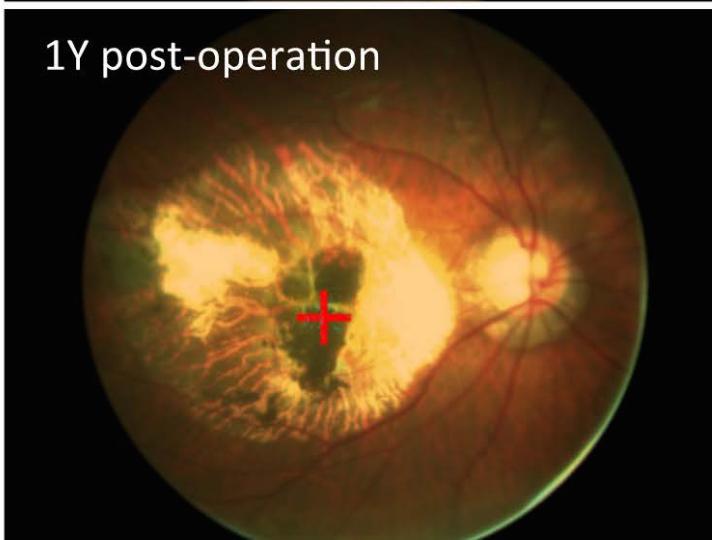
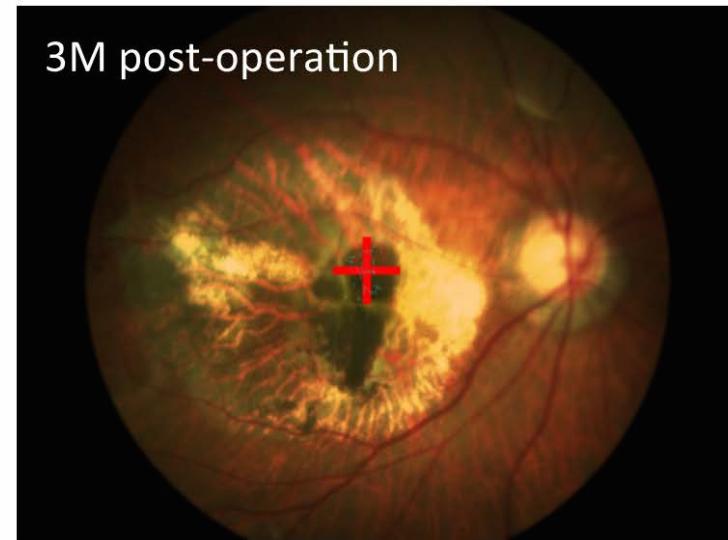
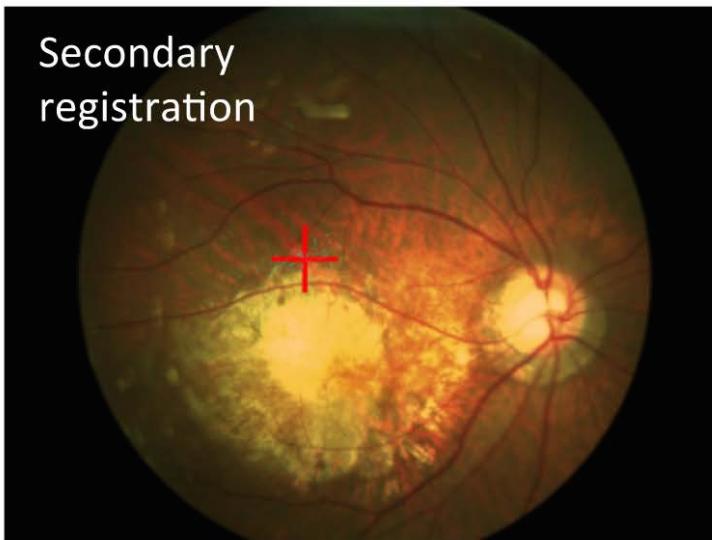
The patient, who has remained anonymous, told
The Japan Times:

**'I am glad I received the treatment.
I feel my eyesight has brightened and widened.'**

1 year results: OCT (transvers section)



Fixation tests using MP-1



March, 2017



The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

BRIEF REPORT

Autologous Induced Stem-Cell-Derived Retinal Cells for Macular Degeneration

Michiko Mandai, M.D., Ph.D., Akira Watanabe, Ph.D., Yasuo Kurimoto, M.D., Ph.D., Yasuhiko Hirami, M.D., Ph.D., Chikako Morinaga, Ph.D., Takashi Daimon, Ph.D., Masashi Fujihara, M.D., Ph.D., Hiroshi Akimaru, Ph.D., Noriko Sakai, B.S., Yumiko Shibata, M.S., Motoki Terada, Yui Nomiya, M.S., Shigeki Tanishima, B.S., Masahiro Nakamura, M.D., Ph.D., Hiroyuki Kamao, M.D., Ph.D., Sunao Sugita, M.D., Ph.D., Akishi Onishi, Ph.D., Tomoko Ito, Kanako Fujita, Shin Kawamata, M.D., Ph.D., Masahiro J. Go, Ph.D., Chikara Shinohara, Ph.D., Ken-ichiro Hata, D.D.S., Ph.D., Masanori Sawada, M.D., Ph.D., Midori Yamamoto, Sachiko Ohta, Yasuo Ohara, B.S., Kenichi Yoshida, M.D., Ph.D., Junko Kuwahara, Yuko Kitano, M.S., Naoki Amano, M.S., Masafumi Umekage, M.S., Fumiyo Kitaoka, Ph.D., Azusa Tanaka, Ph.D., Chihiro Okada, M.S., Naoko Takasu, M.S., Seishi Ogawa, M.D., Ph.D., Shinya Yamanaka, M.D., Ph.D., and Masayo Takahashi, M.D., Ph.D.

N Engl J Med 2017; 376:1038-1046 | March 16, 2017 | DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa1608368

EDITORIAL

Polar Extremes in the Clinical Use of Stem Cells

George Q. Daley, M.D., Ph.D.

N Engl J Med 2017; 376:1075-1077

March 16, 2017

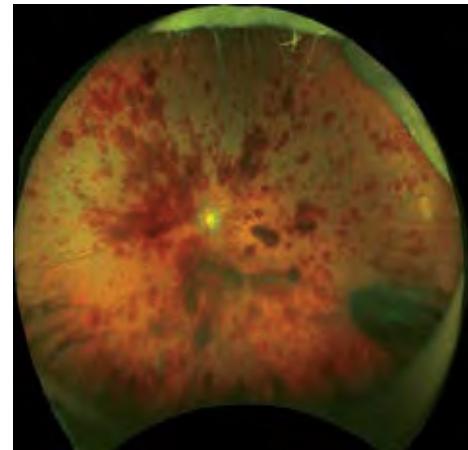
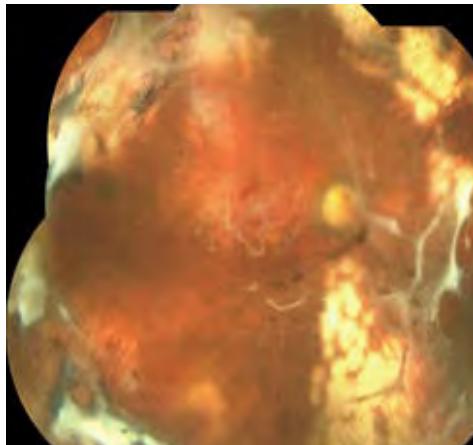
ORIGINAL ARTICLE

BRIEF REPORT

Vision Loss after Intravitreal Injection of Autologous “Stem Cells” for AMD

Ajay E. Kuriyan, M.D., Thomas A. Albini, M.D., Justin H. Townsend, M.D., Marianeli Rodriguez, M.D., Ph.D., Hemang K. Pandya, M.D., Robert E. Leonard, II, M.D., M. Brandon Parrott, M.D., Ph.D., Philip J. Rosenfeld, M.D., Ph.D., Harry W. Flynn, Jr., M.D., and Jeffrey L. Goldberg, M.D., Ph.D.

N Engl J Med 2017; 376:1047-1053 | March 16, 2017 | DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa1609583

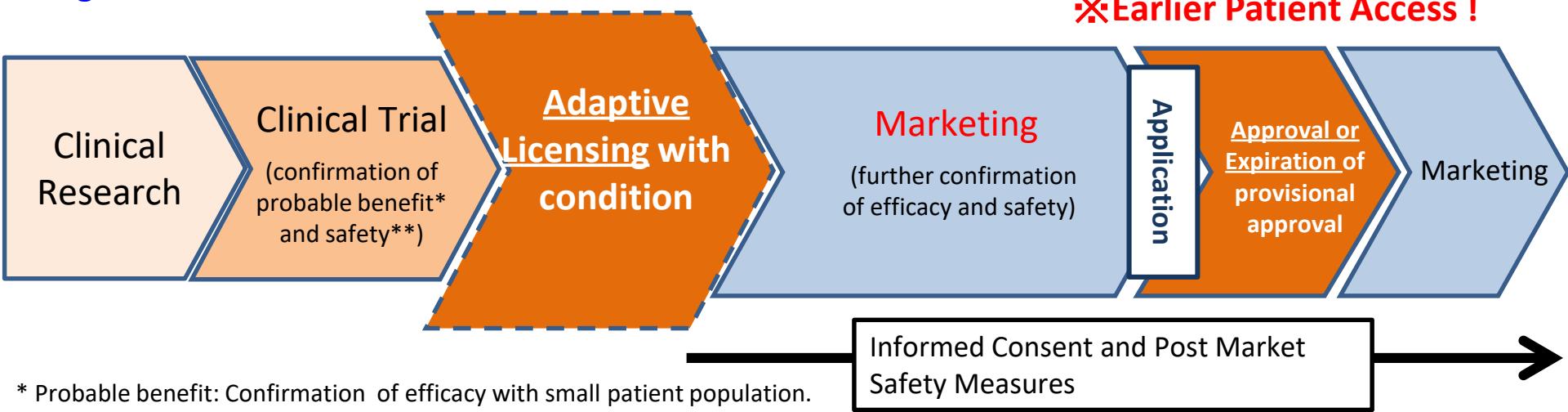


Regulation for cell therapy in Japan

Enforcement 2015.11.25~

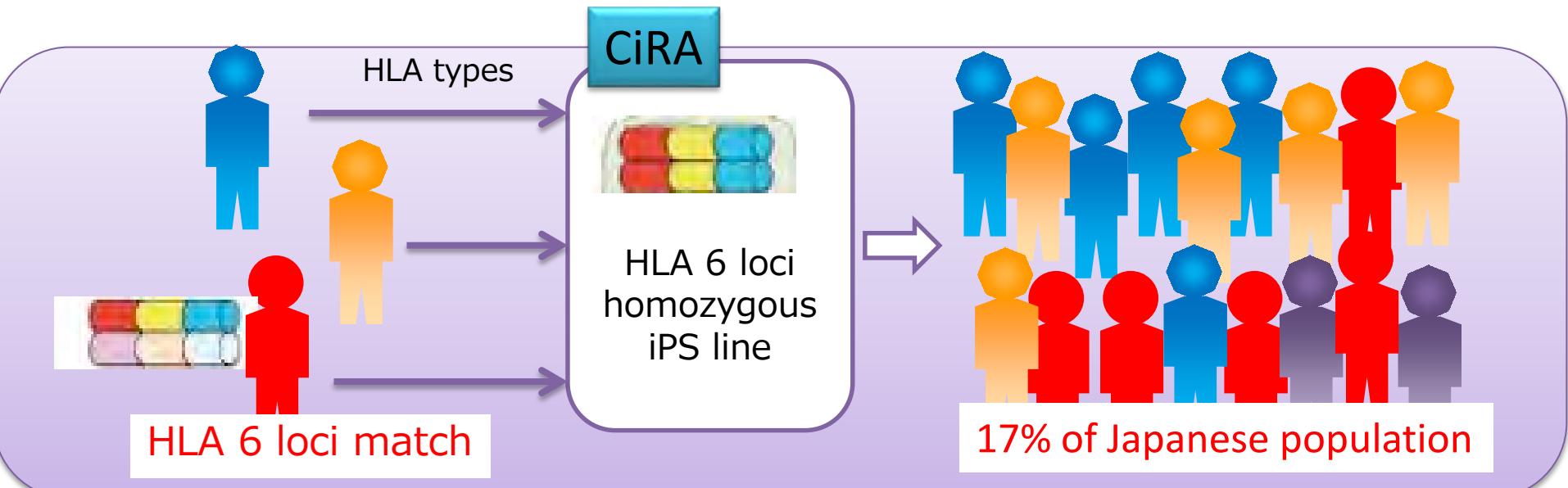


【Regenerative medicine 2014.11.25~】



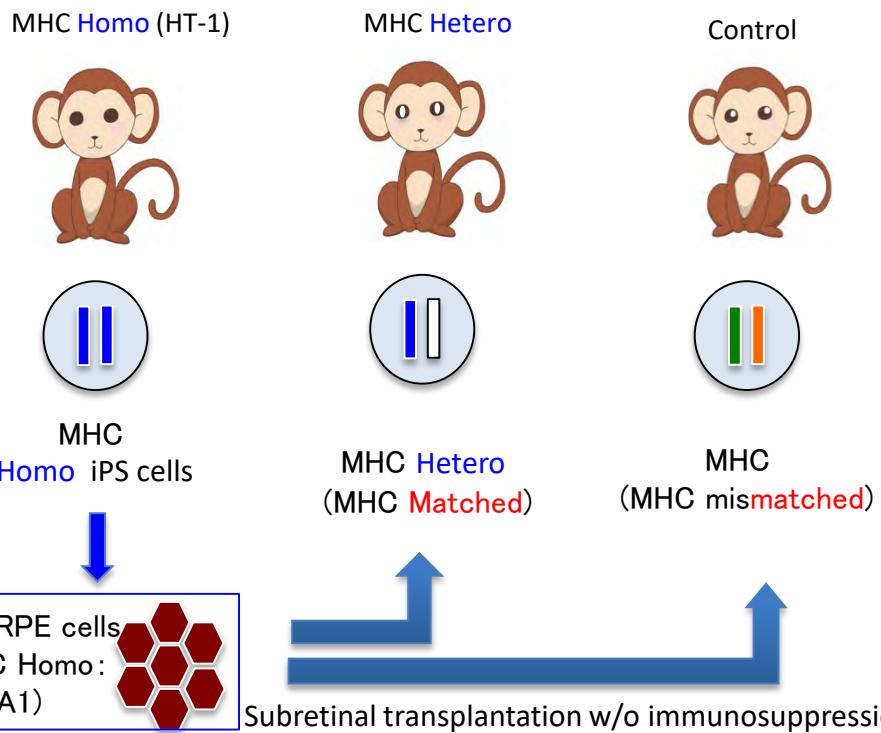
Types of hiPS-RPE cell transplantation

	Sheet Surgery risk: Big	Suspension Surgery risk: Small
Auto Cost: Big	Auto/Sheet 8.2013～(Clinical research)	Auto/Suspension Application in preparation
Allo Cost : Small	Allo/Sheet Application in preparation	Allo/Suspension Approved by the ministry 2.3.2017

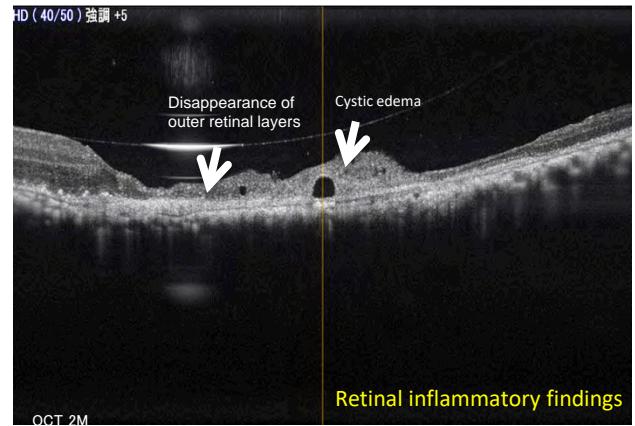


Immune reaction to the MHC matched or unmatched iPS–RPE (in normal monkey)

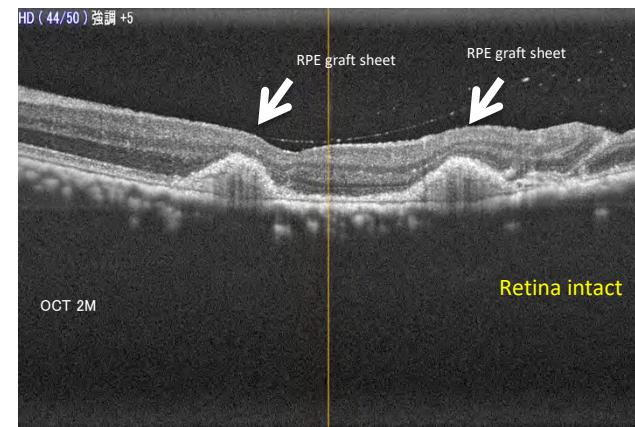
MHC homo iPS-RPE transplantation into hetero matched monkey eye: no immune rejection



MHC mismatched monkey → rejection



MHC matched monkey → no rejection



The scheme of new clinical study using allograft

Superdonor blood cells



iPSCs
HLA homozygous

A*24:02-B*52:01-C*12:02-
DRB1*15:02-DQB1*06:01-
DPB1*09:01



Induction of
differentiation
into PRE



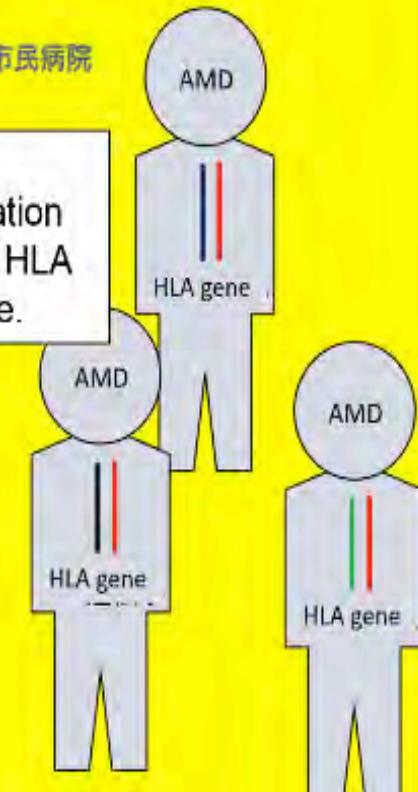
地方独立行政法人 神戸市民病院機構
神戸市立医療センター中央市民病院
Kobe City Medical Center General Hospital

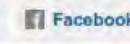
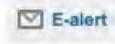
Transplantation

- ✓ w/o immunosuppressive medication
- ✓ AMD patients who has matched HLA haplotype in at least one gene.



Frozen → culture → graft
Cell suspension





Japanese man is first to receive 'reprogrammed' stem cells from another person

World-first transplant, used to treat macular degeneration, represents a major step forward in movement to create banks of ready-made stem cells.

David Cyranoski

3/28/2017



SCIENTIFIC
AMERICAN

SUBSCRIBE

nature

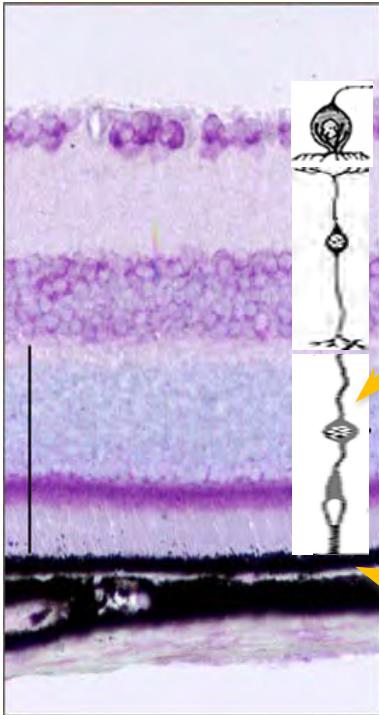
BIOTECH

Japanese Man Is First to Receive "Reprogrammed" Stem Cells from Another Person

World-first transplant to treat macular degeneration could augur rise of iPS cell banks



Retinal cell transplantation



Photoreceptor (for Retinitis pigmentosa)

Issue

Structure of photoreceptor cells

Purification

Functional connection with the host's neurons

RPE cells (for AMD)

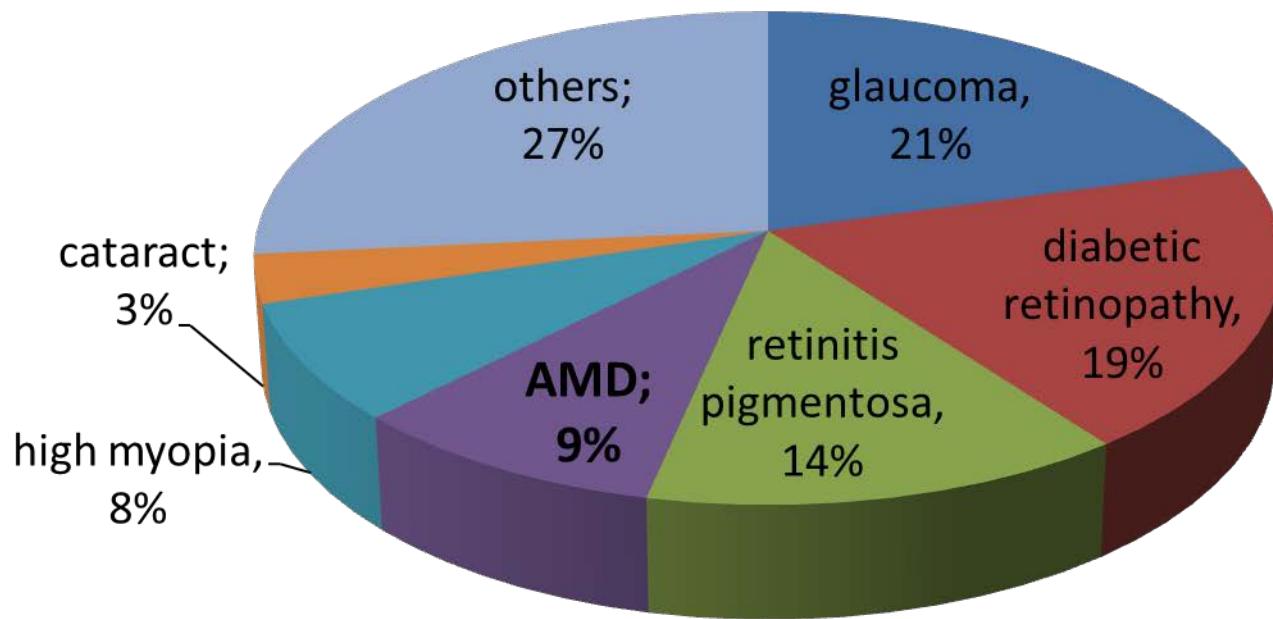
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Issue

Variety of cell forms

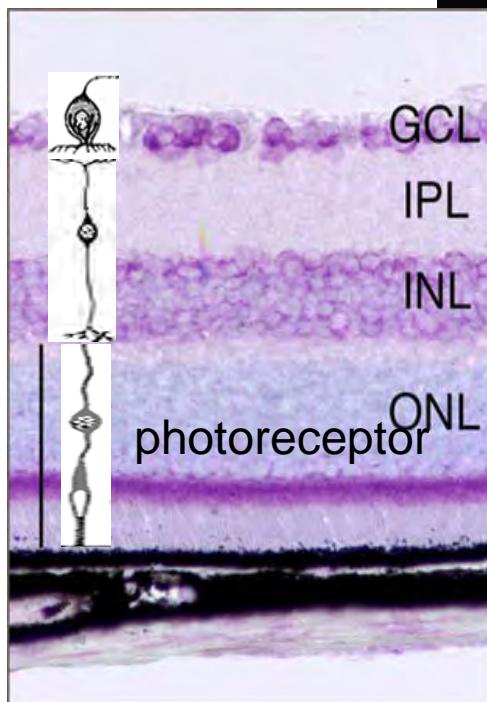
Efficacy

Causative diseases of visual impairment in Japan (2005)

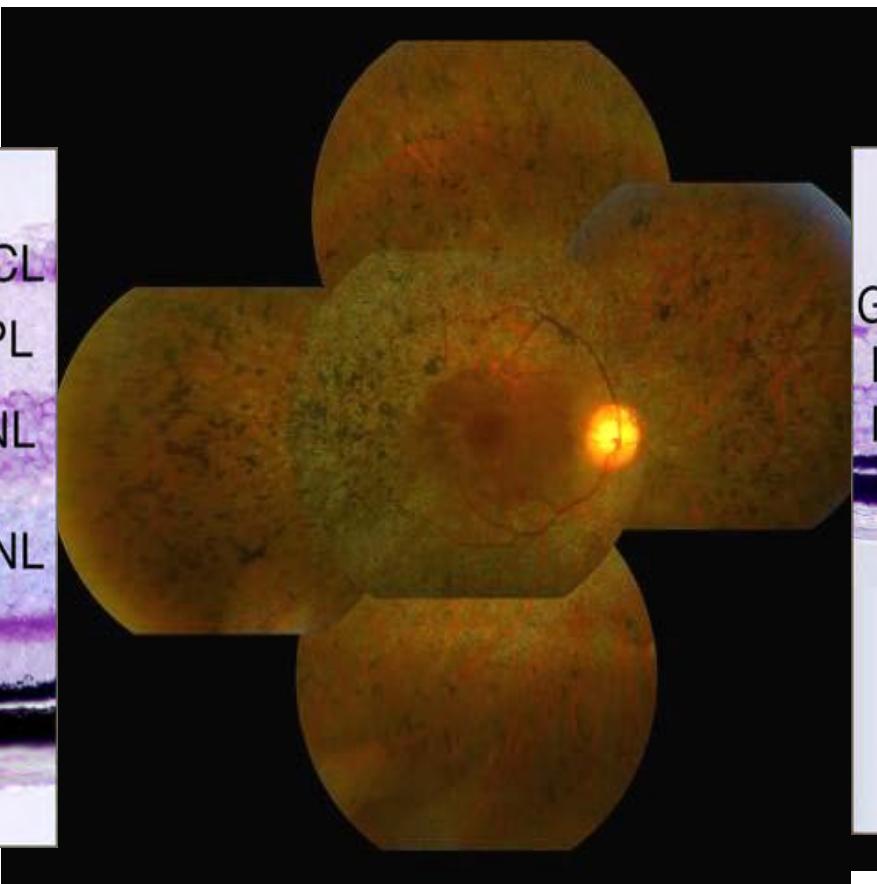


Health Labour Sciences Research Grant for Research on Measures for Intractable Diseases
網脈絡膜・視神経萎縮症に関する研究 平成17年度総括・分担研究報告書 p.p.263-267 (2006)

Retinitis pigmentosa

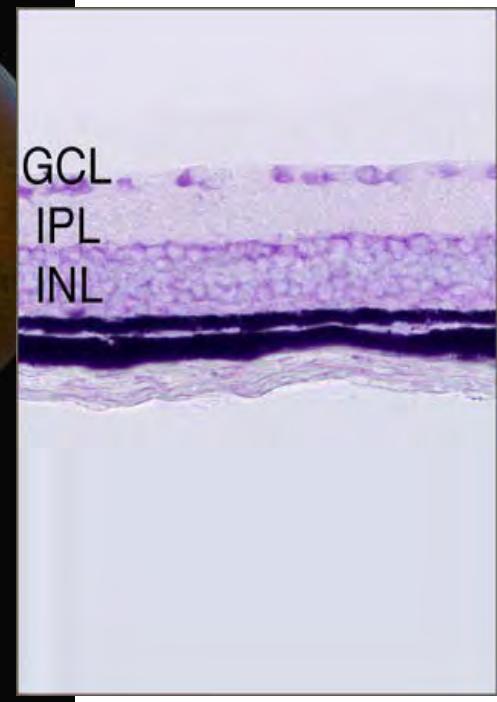


After birth (normal)



Photoreceptor degeneration

- More than 30000 patients in Japan
- No treatment



Self-organizing optic-cup morphogenesis in three-dimensional culture



April 7, 2011

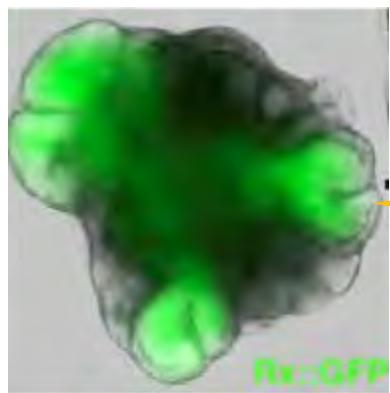
Mototsugu Eiraku,
Nozomu Takata,
Hiroki Ishibashi,
Masako Kawada,
Eriko Sakakura,
Satoru Okuda,
Kiyotoshi Sekiguchi,
Taiji Adachi,
Yoshiki Sasai (CDB, RIKEN)



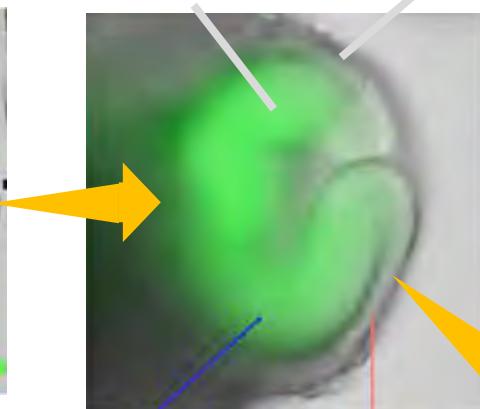
Retinal tissue derived from mouse ES cells in vitro



Dr. Eiraku



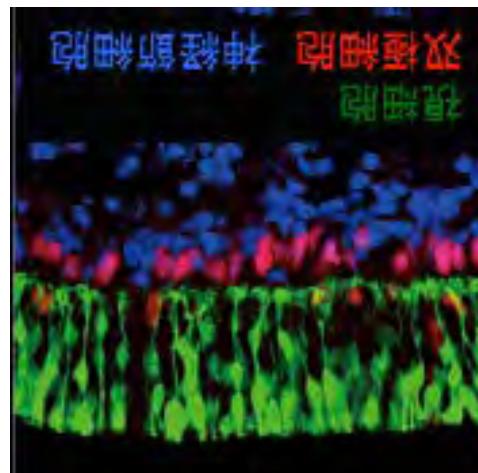
Sensory retina RPE



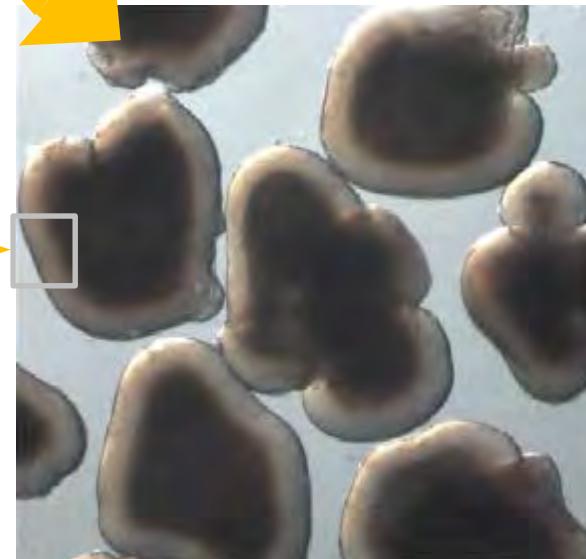
緑: 神經網膜



Nucleus
IS
OS

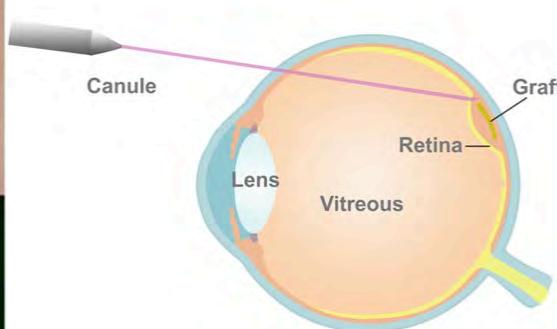
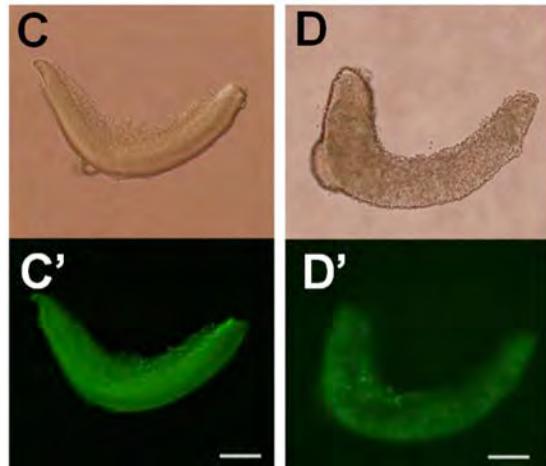


Green:
photoreceptor





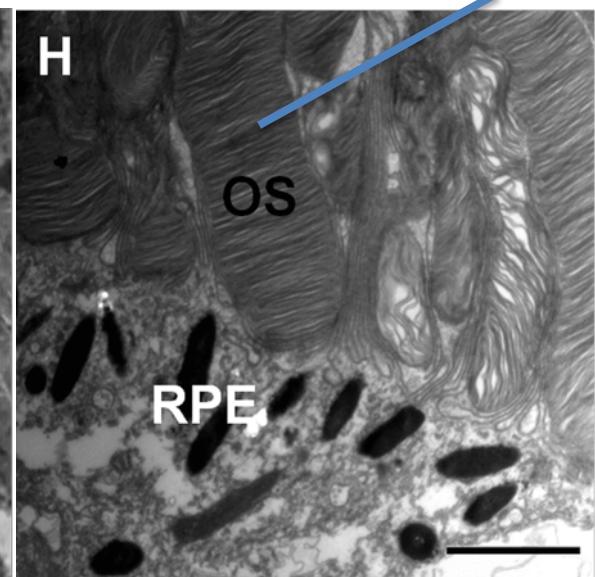
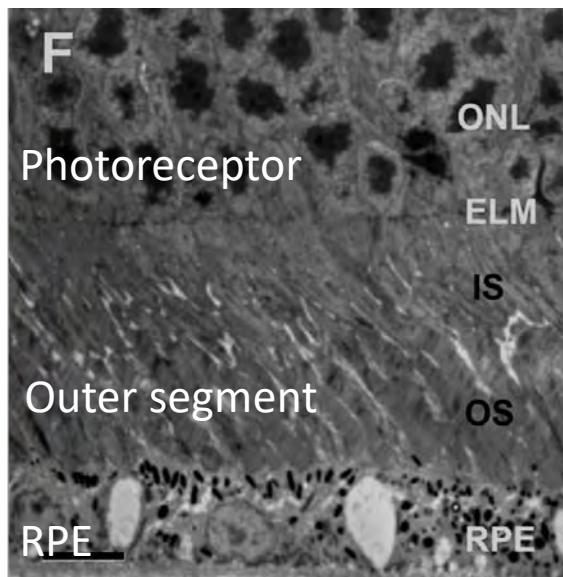
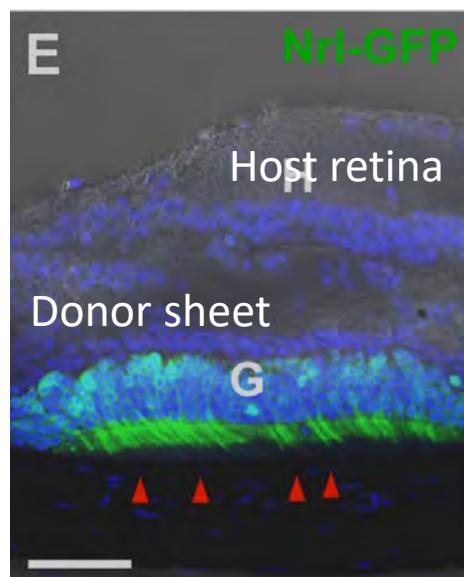
Mouse retinal sheet transplantation



Assawachananont
MD, PhD



Michiko Mandai
MD, PhD

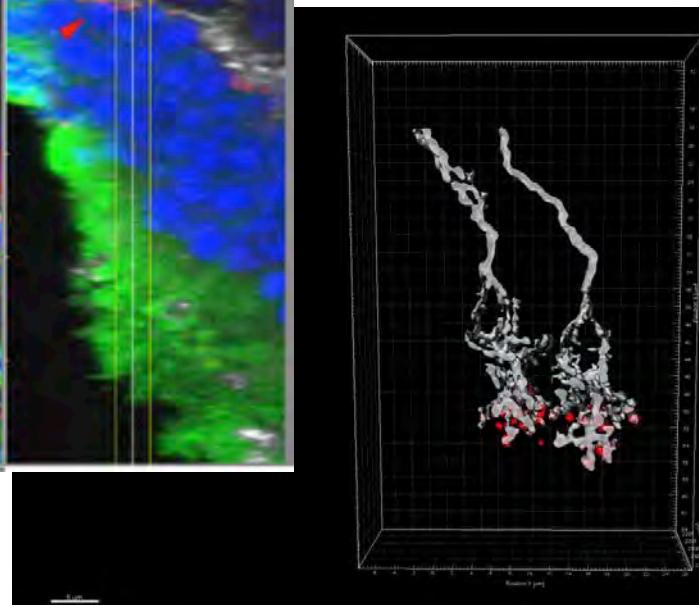
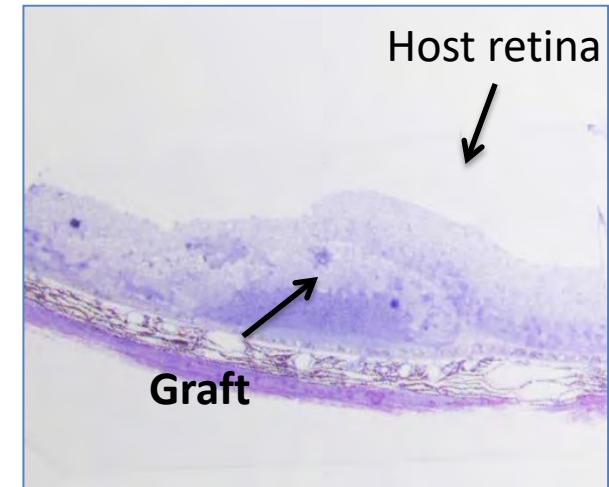
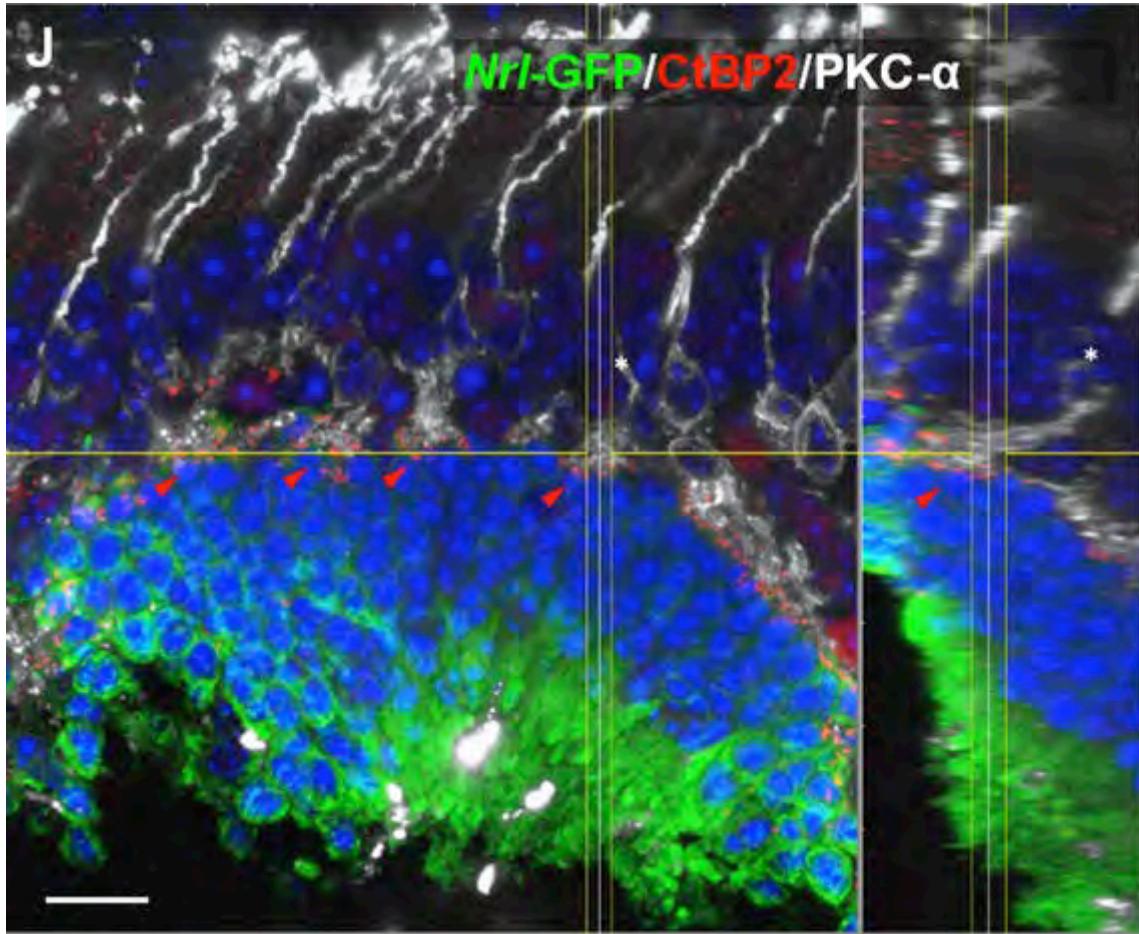


Outer segment



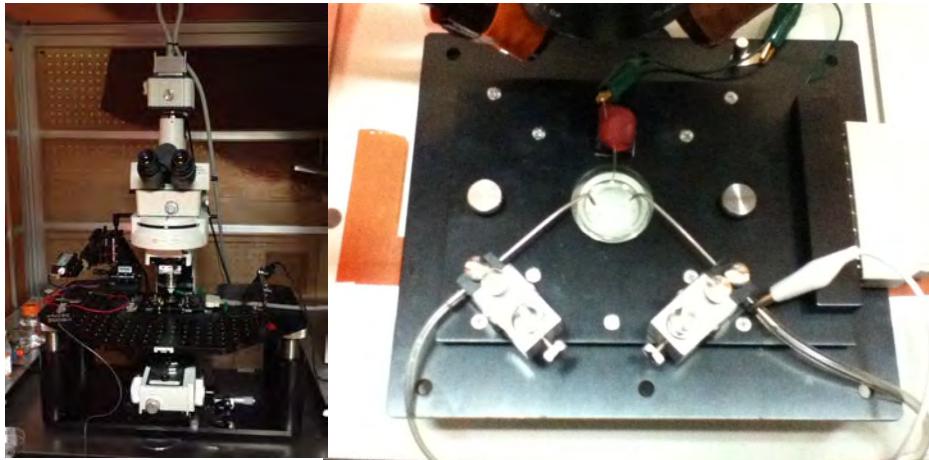
Mouse retinal sheet transplantation

Host-graft synaptic contact in direct contact pattern

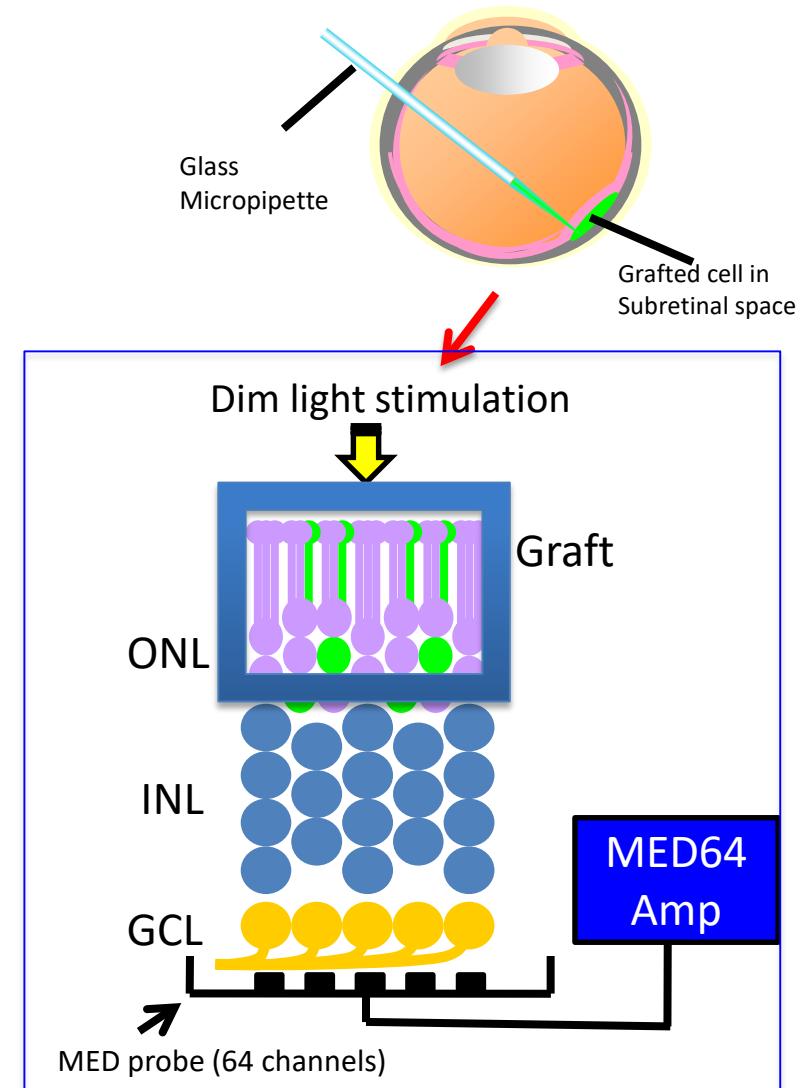
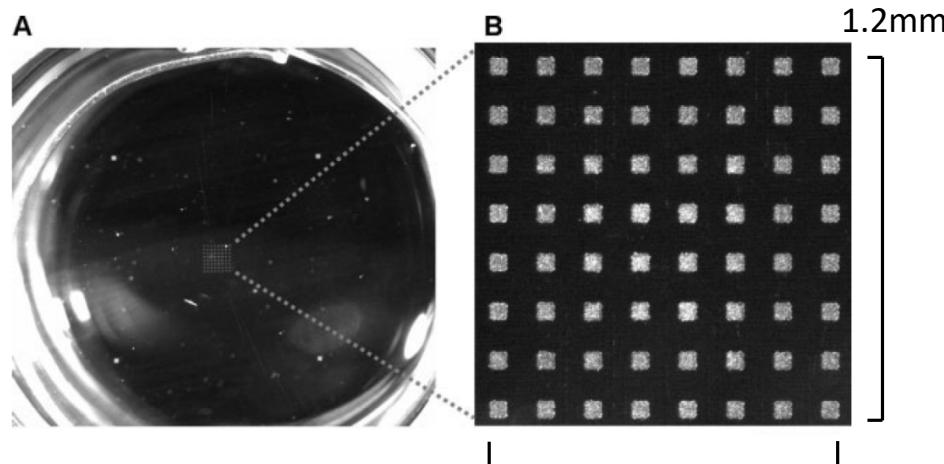




Evaluation of Function after transplantation

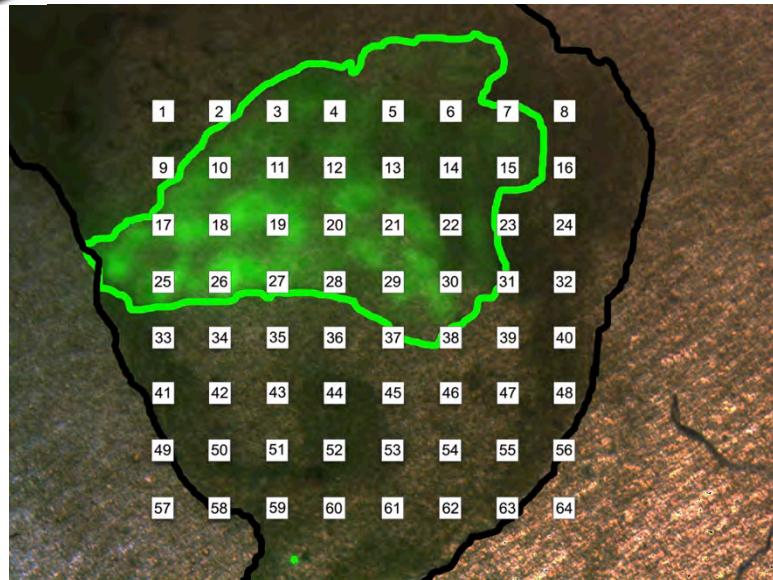


MED probe (MED-P5155)

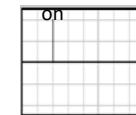
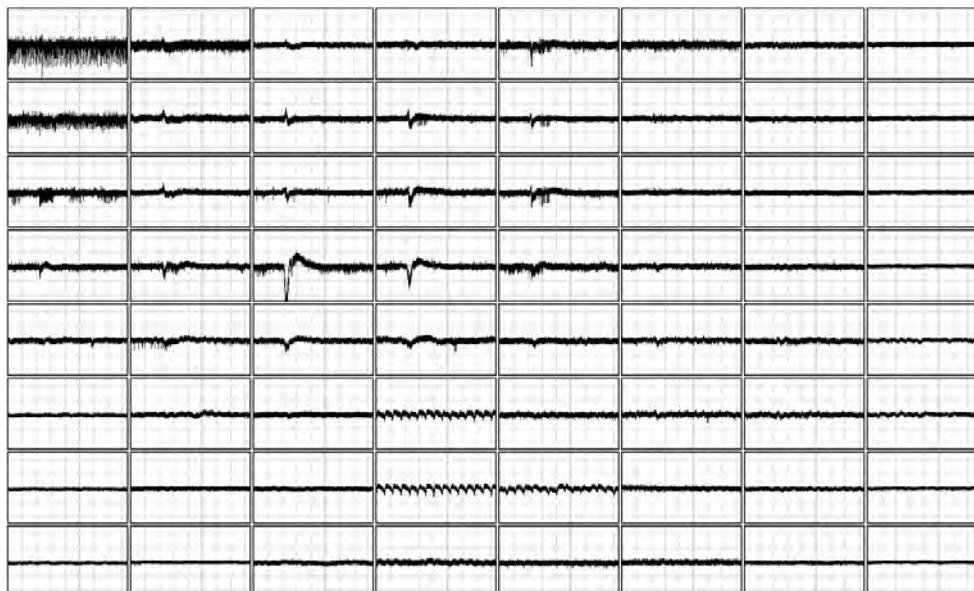
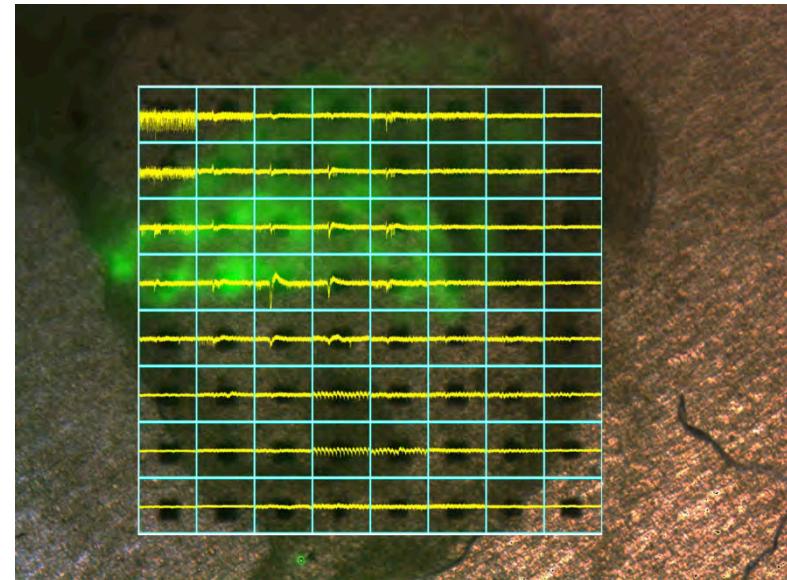




Response to the light stimuli after transplantation



microERG

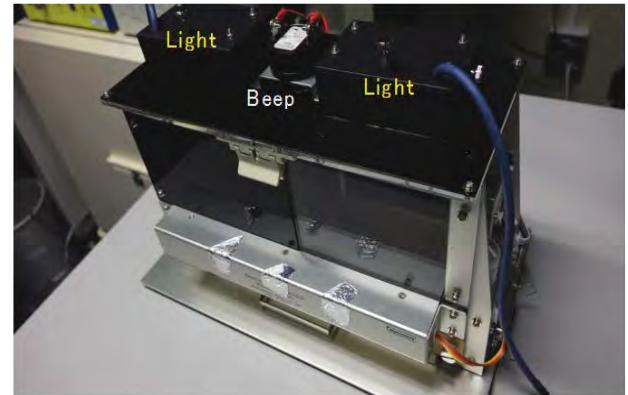
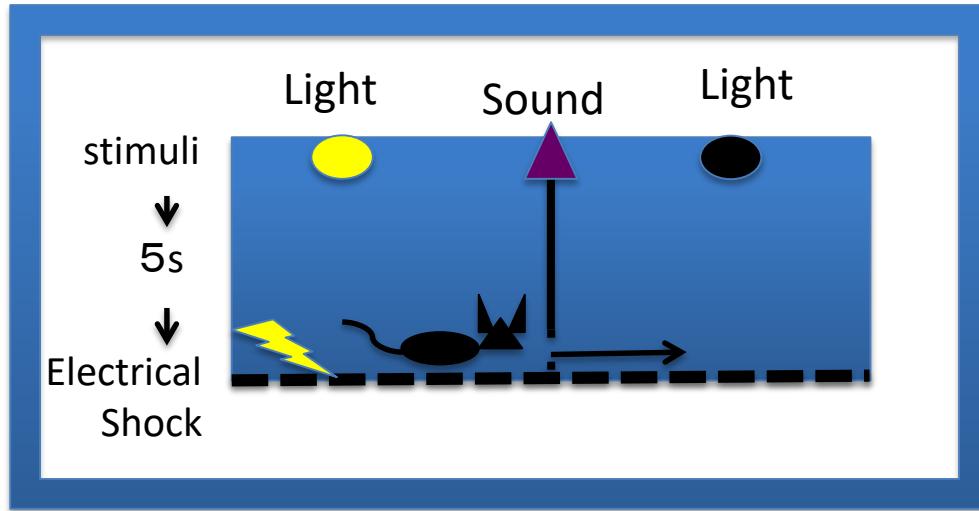


Light intensity: 750cds/m²
Stimulus duration: 10ms
1Hz low cut filter

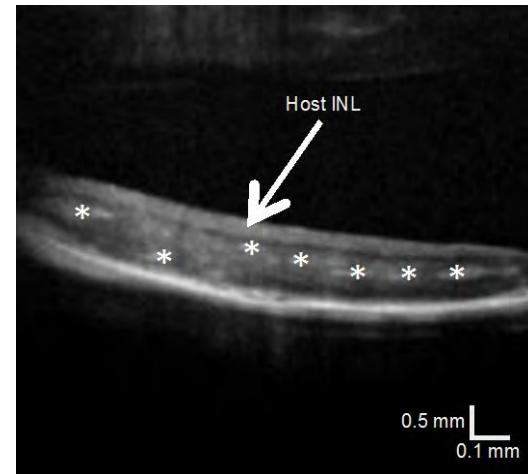
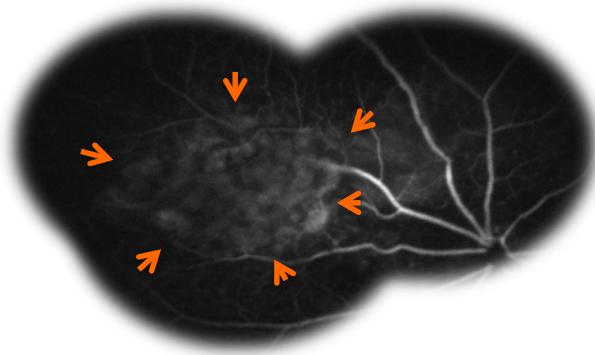
X-axis: Time (500ms/DIV)
Y-axis: Amplitude (0.05mV/DIV)



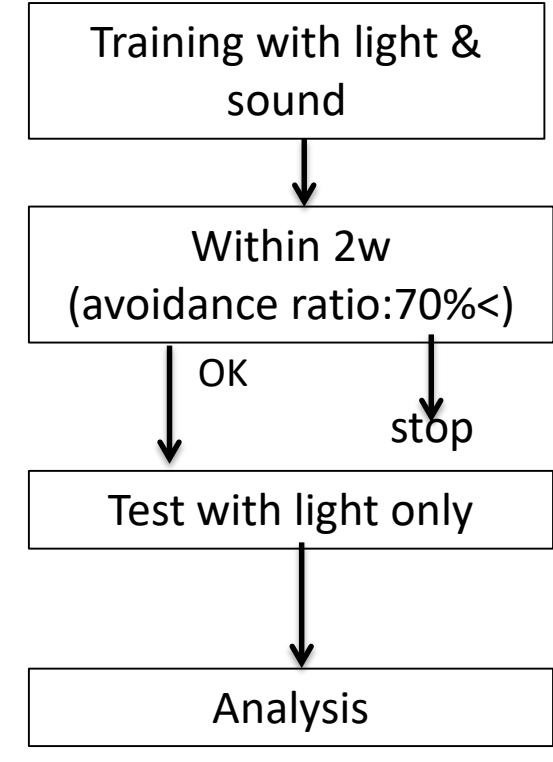
Behavior test : shuttle avoidance test



Select the nicely grafted mice with OCT images

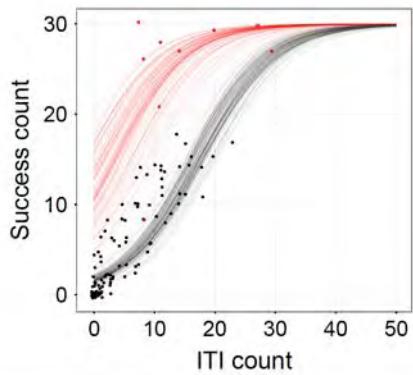


Grafted part is too small for ERG

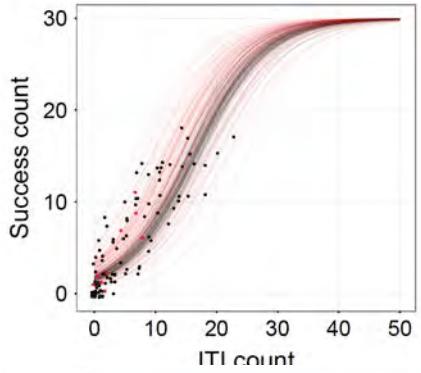


Host with good transplants (post OCT selection)

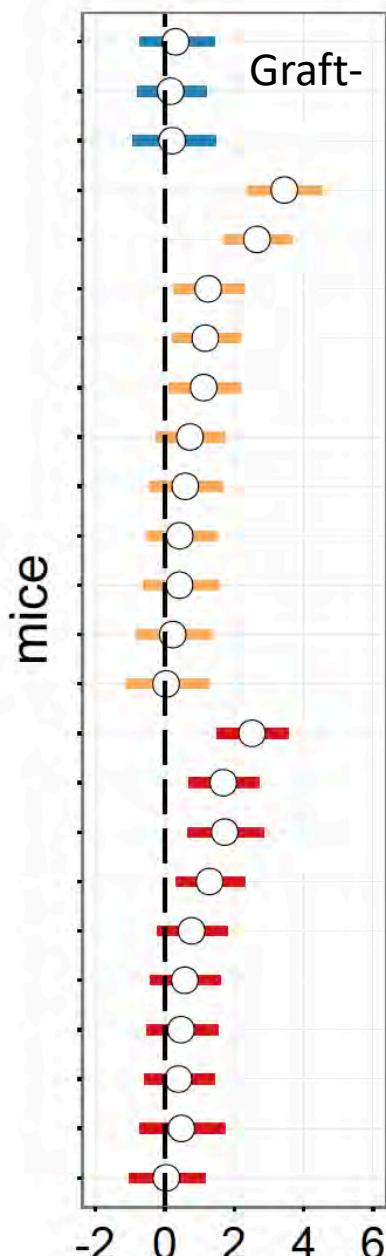
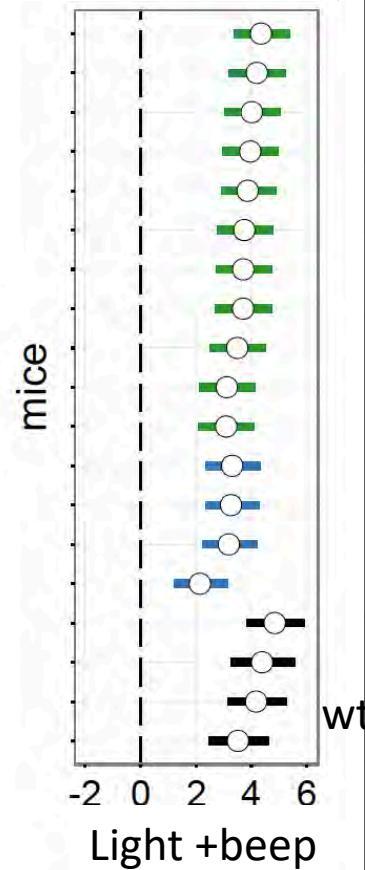
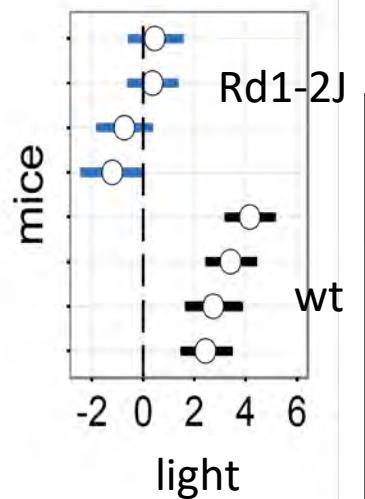
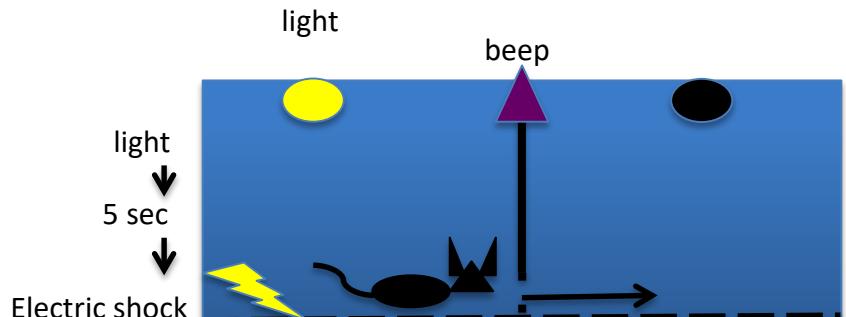
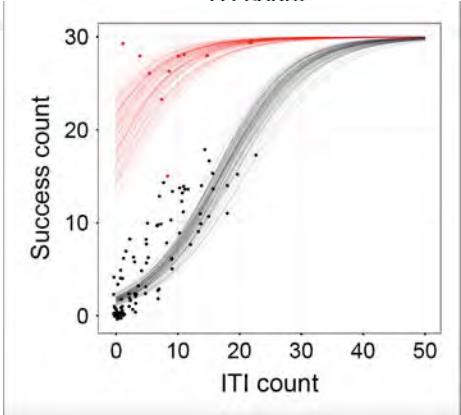
Light only wild type



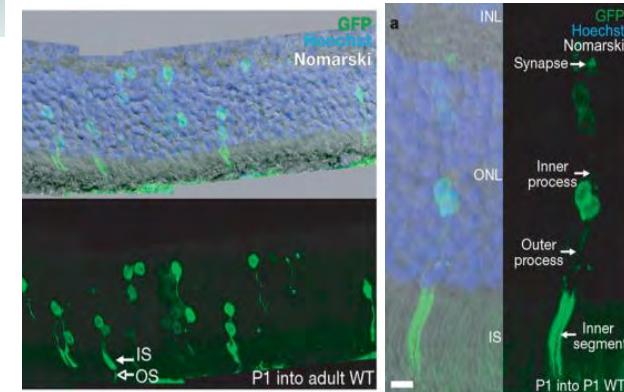
rd1



After transplantation....



It was cytoplasmic exchange !!



Published 4 Oct 2016

Retinal transplantation of photoreceptors results in donor–host cytoplasmic exchange

Tiago Santos-Ferreira^{1,*}, Sílvia Llonch^{1,*}, Oliver Borsch^{1,*}, Kai Postel¹, Jochen Haas¹ & Marius Ader¹

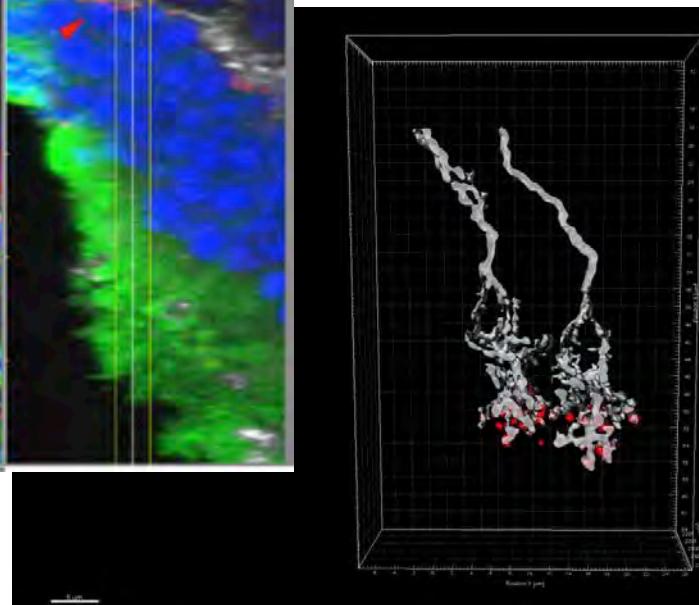
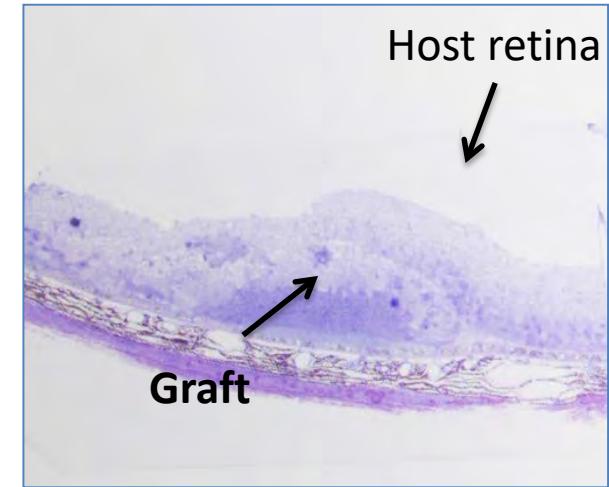
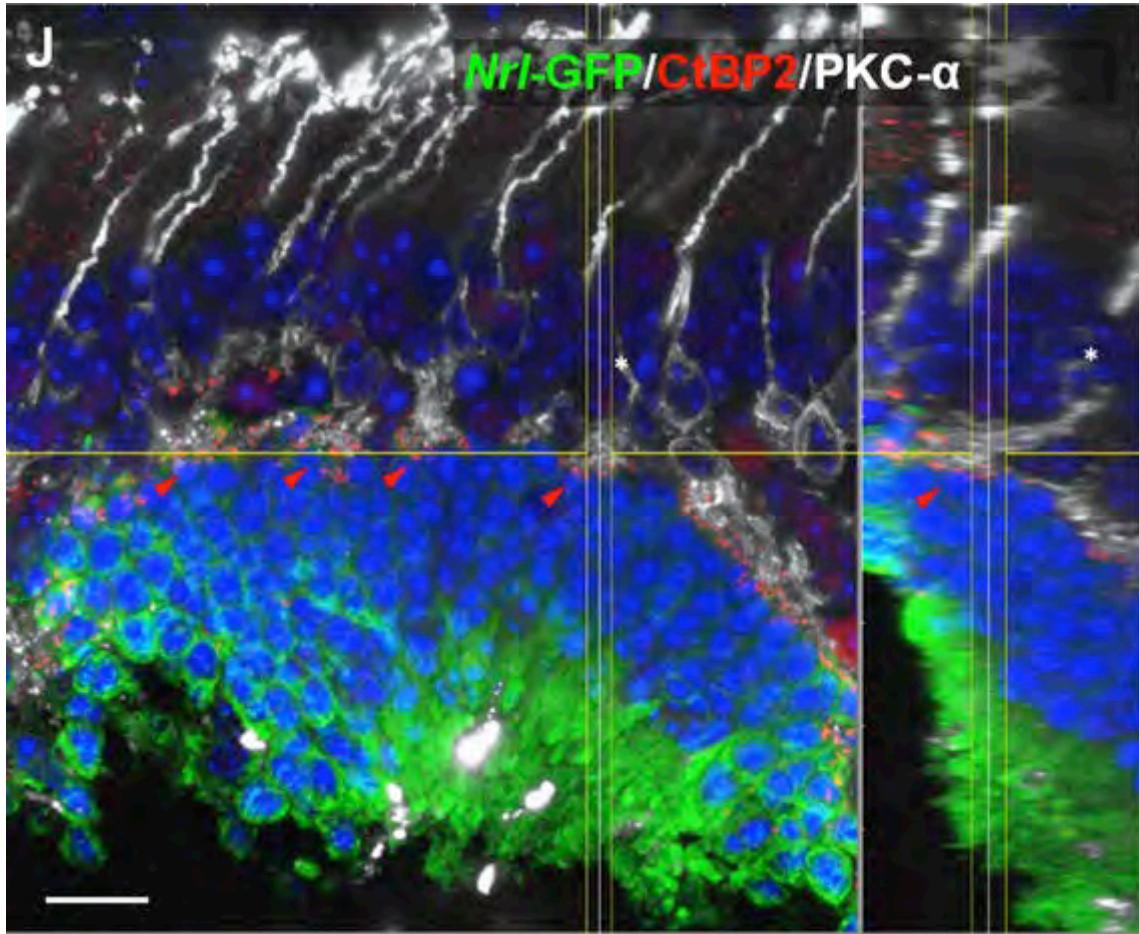
Donor and host photoreceptors engage in material transfer following transplantation of post-mitotic photoreceptor precursors

R.A. Pearson^{1,*}, A. Gonzalez-Cordero¹, E.L. West^{1,**}, J.R. Ribeiro^{1,**}, N. Aghaizu^{1,**}, D. Goh¹, R.D. Sampson¹, A. Georgiadis¹, P.V. Waldron¹, Y. Duran¹, A. Naeem¹, M. Kloc¹, E. Cristante¹, K. Kruczak¹, K. Warre-Cornish^{1,w}, J.C. Sowden², A.J. Smith¹ & R.R. Ali^{1,3,*}



Mouse retinal sheet transplantation

Host-graft synaptic contact in direct contact pattern



Effect of Regenerative medicine

1. Donor cells
2. Host environment

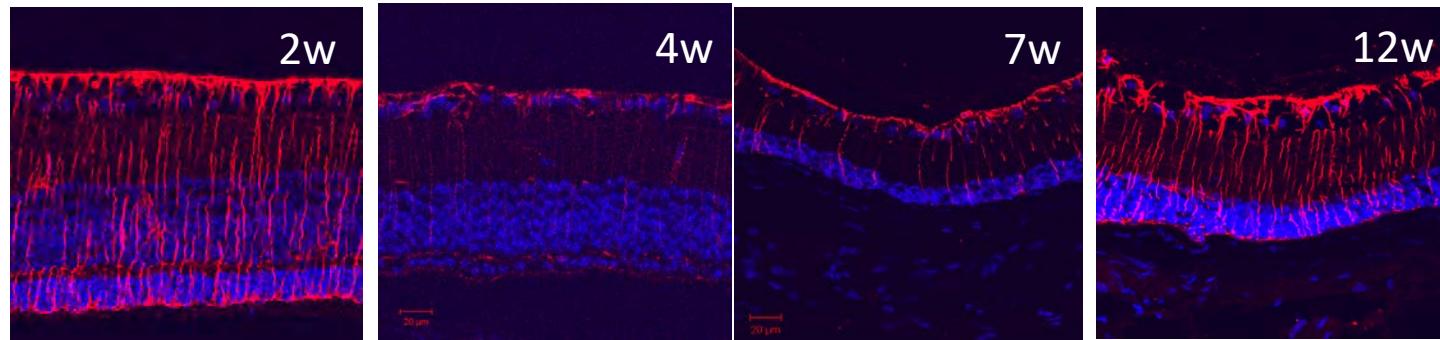


Host environment and transplantation

(rd mice : rapid photoreceptor degeneration model mice)

Glial scar

Red: GFAP
Muller glia

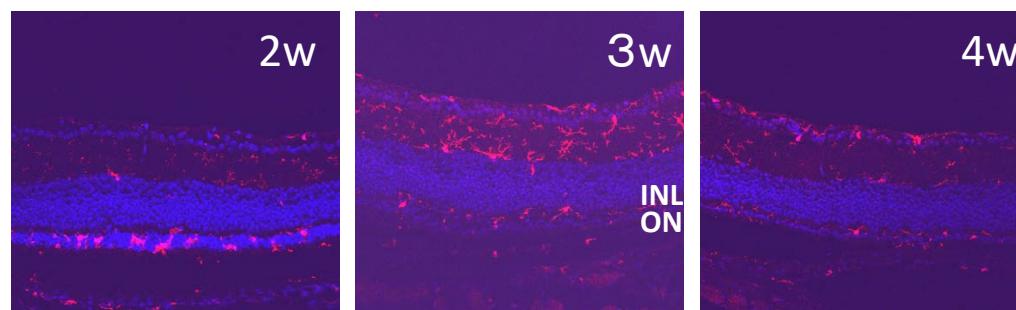


Time window



Inflammation

Red: Iba1
Microglia



Rod degeneration

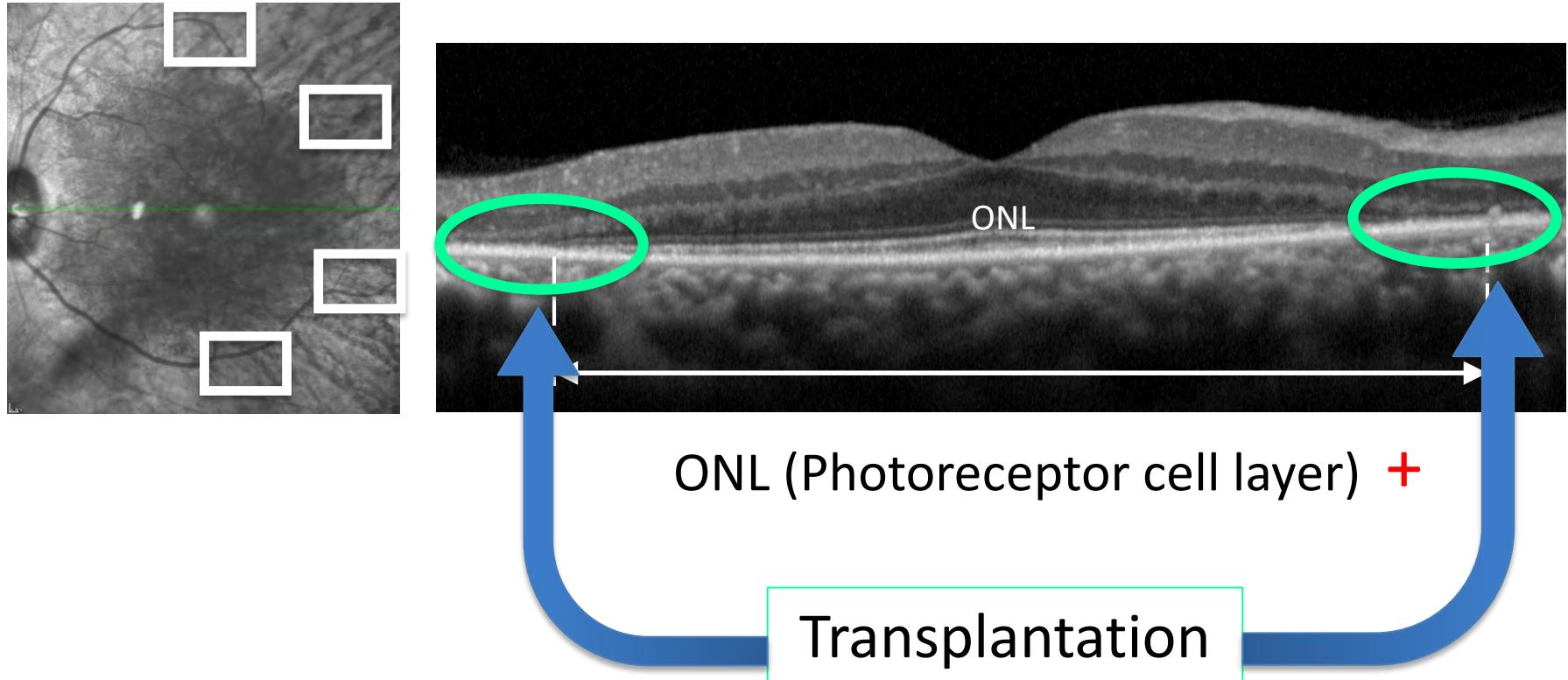
Cone degeneration

Bipolar degeneration



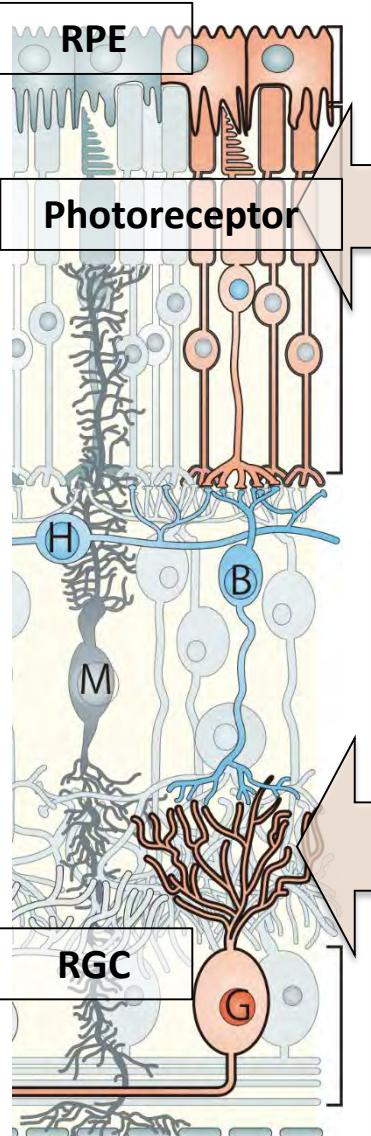
Retinitis Pigmentosa

In human patients, various stages exist in one eye



Patient-derived iPSCs studies

Retina



Photoreceptor dysfunction/degeneration

Retinitis Pigmentosa

- 1 in 4000~8000 individuals
- ~50 causal genes identified
- ~60% are sporadic/unknown

- | | |
|----------|-----------------------|
| ① RHO | outer segment |
| ② RP1 | cilia |
| ③ PRPH2 | outer segment |
| ④ RP9 | splicing factor |
| ⑤ PRPH2 | outer segment |
| ⑥ RP2 | cilia |
| ⑦ EYS | outer segment/cilia |
| ⑧ PRPF31 | splicing factor/cilia |

RGC dysfunction/degeneration

Leber hereditary optic neuropathy

- 1 in ~50000 individuals
- 80% of Japanese LHON patients

⑨ MT-ND4 ComplexI

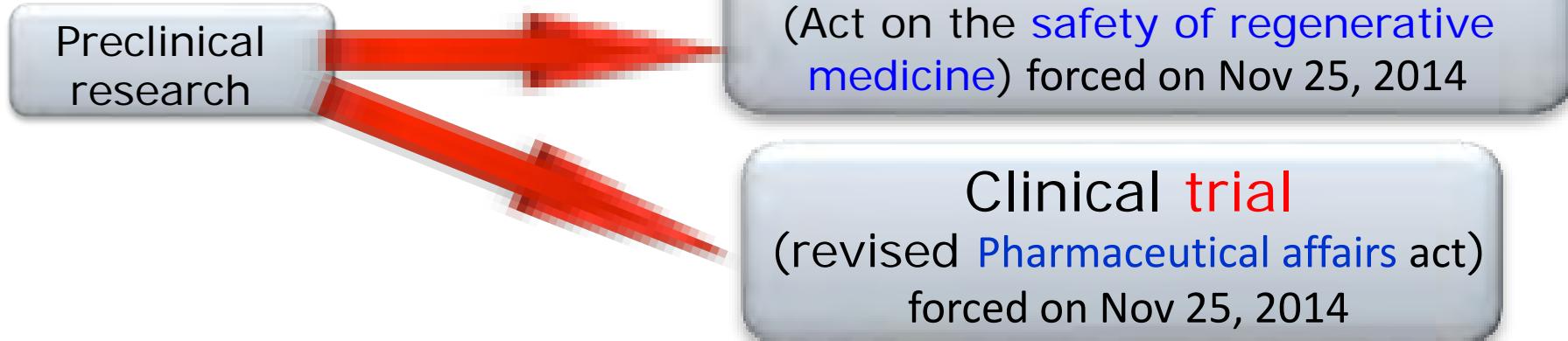
Normal tension glaucoma

- 70~90% in Japanese patients
- Causal genes characterized (MYOC, WDR36, OPTN)

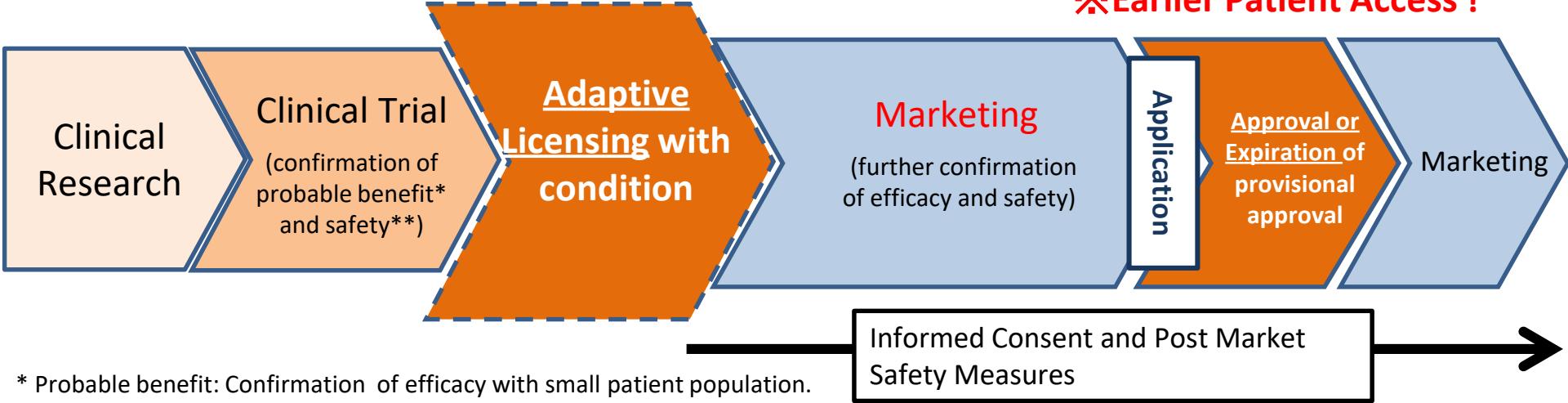
⑩ NTG (uncharacterized)

Regulation for cell therapy in Japan

Enforcement 2015.11.25~



【Regenerative medicine 2014.11.25~】



* Probable benefit: Confirmation of efficacy with small patient population.

** Safety: Earlier detection and evaluation of adverse events.

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Thank You !